

TABLE 1		
Description of the study		
Study design	Retrospective cohort study	1990-2000
Study population	100,000 men aged 20-70 years	1990-2000
Study location	Sweden	1990-2000
Study period	1990-2000	1990-2000
Study objectives	To investigate the association between alcohol consumption and the risk of developing prostate cancer	1990-2000
Study methods	Questionnaire-based study	1990-2000
Study results	Alcohol consumption was associated with a higher risk of developing prostate cancer	1990-2000
Study conclusions	Alcohol consumption is a risk factor for prostate cancer	1990-2000
Study limitations	Retrospective design, self-reported data	1990-2000
Study strengths	Large sample size, long follow-up period	1990-2000
Study funding	Swedish Cancer Society	1990-2000
Study authors	Anders Ahlbom, et al.	1990-2000
Study publication	Journal of the National Cancer Institute	1990-2000
Study citation	Ahlbom A, et al. (1990) Alcohol consumption and the risk of developing prostate cancer. <i>J Natl Cancer Inst</i> 82: 1000-1005	1990-2000

