$\qquad$
Use Color Tiles to build each array.
Write the multiplication sentence for each array.
1.

2.

$\qquad$ rows of $\qquad$ tiles
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ rows of $\qquad$ tiles
3.

$\qquad$
$\qquad$ rows of $\qquad$ tiles

## Build each array using Color Tiles. Then sketch the model below. Write each multiplication sentence.

4. 2 rows of 9 tiles
5. 7 rows of 4 tiles
6. 5 rows of 6 tiles

Find the answer to each multiplication problem.
7. $8 \times 5=$ $\qquad$
8. $2 \times 7=$ $\qquad$
9. $4 \times 4=$ $\qquad$
10. $6 \times 3=$ $\qquad$
11. $3 \times 5=$ $\qquad$
12. $7 \times 6=$ $\qquad$

Name $\qquad$

Challenge! Which two problems from the previous page can be used to demonstrate the Commutative Property of Multiplication? Model the arrays that show both multiplication expressions.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Use Two-Color Counters to build the multiples of 5 shown. Write the multiplication fact for each multiple of 5 modeled by the darker counters.
1.

$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ = $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$

Build each multiplication fact using Two-Color Counters. Then sketch the model and use a Hundred Chart to find the next two multiples of 5 .
2. $4 \times 5=20$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
3. $8 \times 5=40$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$

Write the next four multiples of 5.
4. $2 \times 5=10$
5. $5 \times 5=25$
6. $7 \times 5=35$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$

Name $\qquad$

Challenge! When you use Two-Color Counters and a Hundred Chart to find all the multiples of 5 less than or equal to 100, how many numbers do you color? Describe the pattern of the colored numbers.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Use Two-Color Counters to build each array. Rearrange the counters into groups of the size shown. Complete each division sentence.
1.

2.

put into groups of

$\qquad$ $\div$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$

$\qquad$
$\qquad$

## Build each array using Two-Color Counters. Group the counters

 to be able to complete each division sentence.3. 45 into 9 groups
4. 32 into 4 groups
5. 30 into 6 groups
$45 \div$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $32 \div$ $\qquad$ $30 \div$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Write each division sentence. Write a related multiplication sentence.
6. 15 into 3 groups
$15 \div$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=15$
9. 35 into 5 groups $35 \div$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=35$
7. 28 into 7 groups
$28 \div$ $\qquad$ = $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=28$
10. 48 into 8 groups
$48 \div$ $\qquad$ $=$

$$
\ldots \times \ldots=48
$$

8. 20 into 2 groups
$20 \div$ $\qquad$ $=$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$ $\times$ $\qquad$ $=20$
9. 81 into 9 groups $81 \div$ $\qquad$
$\qquad$

Name $\qquad$

Challenge! Problem 2 shows three rows of 8 Two-Color Counters for a total of 24 counters. Write a fact family for the model shown. Write a fact family for the model you create from the 24 counters. Explain how the number 24 can have two different fact families.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Use Centimeter Cubes to match the set shown. Divide the set into equal groups of the given size. Write a number sentence to show the quotient.


Divide into groups of 9 .
2.


Divide into groups of 8 .

Using Centimeter Cubes, model the division problem. Sketch the model. Write a number sentence for the model.
3. 39 cubes into 13 groups

Write a number sentence for each quotient.
4. 81 cubes into 9 groups
$\qquad$
6. 70 cubes into 14 groups
$\qquad$
8. 96 cubes into 8 groups
5. 77 cubes into 11 groups
$\qquad$
7. 63 cubes into 7 groups
$\qquad$
9. 75 cubes into 15 groups

Name

Challenge! For Problems 7-9, write a different division sentence using the same numbers and the same quotient. Choose one and draw a picture to support your sentence.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Use Centimeter Cubes and index cards to model the division problem. Divide the cubes equally among the index cards.
Write the quotient.
1.

$\square$

$\square$

$\square$

$76 \div 19=$ $\qquad$

Using Centimeter Cubes and index cards, model each division. Sketch the cubes on the cards shown below. Write the division sentence.
2. 51 cubes


$51 \div 17=$ $\qquad$

Find each quotient.
4. $75 \div 15=$ $\qquad$
5. $72 \div 12=$ $\qquad$
6. $80 \div 16=$
7. $105 \div 15=$ $\qquad$
8. $162 \div 18=$ $\qquad$
9. $91 \div 13=$ $\qquad$

Name $\qquad$

Challenge! When you use Centimeters Cubes and index cards to model division, do the cubes or the index cards represent the dividend? What represents the quotient? Explain your answers.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Use Color Tiles to model each array. Complete the multiplication sentence. Write a related division sentence.
1.

$3 \times$ $\qquad$ $=24$
$\qquad$
$6 \times$ $\qquad$ $=30$
$\qquad$

Using Color Tiles, model an array for each number sentence. Sketch the model. Complete the multiplication sentence. Write a related divison sentence.
3. $8 \times$ $\qquad$ $=48$
4. $5 \times$ $\qquad$ $=20$

Complete each multiplication sentence. Write a related division sentence.
5. $7 \times$ $\qquad$ $=42$
6. $4 \times$ $\qquad$ $=36$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
7. $8 \times$ $\qquad$ $=40$
8. $7 \times$ $\qquad$ $=56$

Name

Challenge! Write another division sentence for Problem 1. Describe the model for this division sentence. Write the other two sentences in this fact family.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Use Two-Color Counters to build each model. Write number sentences that show the Commutative Property of Multiplication.
1.


Using Two-Color Counters, model the Commutative Property of Multiplication for each pair of factors. Sketch the models. Write both number sentences.
2. 4,8
3. 3,7
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Write two number sentences using each pair of factors that show the Commutative Property of Multiplication.
4. 2,8
5. 5,9
6. 6,7
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
7. 3,1
8. 8,3
9. 6,9
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Name $\qquad$
Challenge! Problems 1 and 8 both have products of 24 . Use 24 Two-Color Counters to find another pair of factors for 24. Describe your model. Write two multiplication sentences for your model that show the Commutative Property of Multiplication.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Use Two-Color Counters to build each model. Write two number sentences that show the Associative Property of Multiplication.
1.


Using Two-Color Counters, model the Associative Property of Multiplication for each set of factors. Sketch the models. Write number sentences for both models.
2. $3,5,6$

Write two number sentences for each set of factors that show the Associative Property of Multiplication.
3. $2,3,5$
4. $2,4,5$
5. $3,6,8$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

Name $\qquad$

Challenge! In Problem 4, one way that you can associate the numbers makes the problem simpler because you get a multiple of 10 multiplied by a single-digit number. In what other problem on the previous page can you use the Associative Property to get a multiple of 10 times a single-digit number? Write the number sentence showing the association.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
Use Color Tiles to model each array. Write the multiplication expression for each array. Then write the Distributive Property sentence modeled by the arrays.

2.

$\qquad$

Using Color Tiles, model arrays to show the Distributive Property. Sketch the models. Write the sentence modeled.
3. $(3 \times 3)+(3 \times 4)$
4. $(5 \times 2)+(5 \times 7)$

Write a number sentence for the total using the Distributive Property. Then find the total.
5. $(2 \times 4)+(2 \times 6)$
6. $(3 \times 8)+(3 \times 1)$
7. $(4 \times 3)+(4 \times 7)$
8. $(6 \times 2)+(6 \times 3)$

Name $\qquad$

Challenge! Problems 1 and 6 both simplify to 27. Explain how this can be correct even though the problems have different numbers being multiplied. Draw pictures to help.
$\qquad$
$\qquad$
$\qquad$

