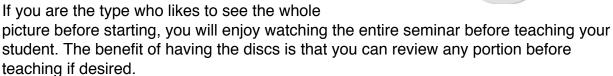
Quick Start Guide

Suggestions to begin using Teaching Writing: Structure and Style

1. Watch the first Teacher's Disc(s)

You do not need to watch the entire teacher's program before teaching your student. Simply watch the Disc 1 of *Teaching Writing: Structure and Style,* and you will know enough to get started.



The "Tips and Tricks" DVD has further teacher tips for writing and can be viewed any time after watching the original seminar. The handouts to accompany the DVD need to be downloaded from the IEW website. The address is on the front of the disc.

2. Watch the Student Workshop Disc

In the back of the box of Teacher's discs, you will find three bonus discs labeled Elementary, Intermediate, and Advanced Student Workshops. These discs provide the first instruction at various grade levels. They all start at the beginning and vary only in the reading level of the model and pace of instruction. (Note: if you purchased a Student Writing Intensive, begin by reading the teacher instructions in the packet of handouts.) You may watch the Student Workshop with your students (no previewing necessary!), or use them as model lessons for yourself. The handouts for these discs are located in the back of your teacher's notebook.

3. Teach!

Continue to watch your Teacher's discs and teach incrementally through the units. If you liked using the Student Workshop for instruction, you can purchase more of the same with a *Student Writing Intensive* or you may wish to consider our Theme-Based writing lessons which provide ready-made lesson plans for your use.

Support

Excellence in Writing offers online support forums for teachers and homeschooling parents, so check out the Support section of the Excellence in Writing website at www.excellenceinwriting.com

You can find the Disc time signatures for your TWSS on the back of this sheet.



TWSS Disc Chapter Headings and Disc Times

	Disc 1		
00:00	Program History		
5:07	Course Syllabus & Overview		
13:33	Structural Models & Overview		
18:54	"Autobiography of Ben		
	Franklin"		
27:54	Unit 1 Note Making & Outlines		
34:55	Sources for Keyword Outline		
39:13	"Booklice" Keyword Outline		
51:57	Reconstructing the Content		
54:22	Creating Reminder Signs		
57:33	On Public Speaking		
1:02:06 1:02:07	End of Unit 1		
1:02:07	Unit II Summarizing from Notes		
1:04:48	Comments about Spelling		
1:11:10	No Erasing Allowed		
1:14:20	"Ann Helps at Home" Student		
1.14.20	Sample		
1:18:34	"In a Nutshell" Student Sample		
1:27:51	"In a Nutshell" Student Sample "Black & White Stink Bomb"		
	Student Sample		
1:34:05	Summary of Unit I & II		
1:37:16	End of Unit II & Disc 1		
	Disc 2		
00:00	Stylistic Techniques		
06:37	Teaching Method		
14:12	Examples of Dress-ups—who/		
	which adjectival clause		
24:41	Dress-ups: "ly" word		
26:18	Dress-ups: because		
30:07	Dress-ups: strong verb, quality adjective		
38:06	Dress-ups: dual adv, verbs or adj		
39:47	Dress-ups: when, while, where,		
	since, as, if, although		
41:31	Structural Models & Stylistic		
	Techniques		
44:59	Dress-ups Group Practice		
	"Booklice"		
58:41	Practicum: Note Making &		
	Summarizing		
00.00	<< Pause for Practicum>>		
00:00 4:13	Observation from Practicum Unit III: Summ. Narrative Stories		
5:41	The 3 Paragraph Model		
9:19	Getting keywords—Asking ?s		
16:49	The Real Secret of Good		
10.15	Teaching		
19:08	"The Fox & the Crow" Setting		
24:48	"The Fox & the Crow"Conflict		
24:49	"The Fox & the Crow"Conflict "The Fox & the Crow"Climax		
29:41	"The Fox & the Crow"		
	Building Word Lists		
38:50	The "Robin Hood" Style of		
40.40	Teaching Character Service Keep the		
42:48	Change the Setting, Keep the		
44:48	Problem Student Samples		
49:32	Essay vs. Creative Writing		
51:53	Teaching Ideas / More Samples		
54:03	"The Bat & the Ntgl" – Practice		
58:04	End of Unit III & Disc 2		
20.07	Dia of Olit III & Disc 2		

	Disc 3
00:00	Stylistic Techniques: Sentence
4:00	Openers Sentence Openers: Subject
5:26	Sentence Openers: Prepositional
8:23	Sentence Openers: "ly"
10:11	Sentence Openers: "ing"
18:40	Sentence Openers: Clausal
22:02	Sentence Openers: Very Short
	Sentence (VSS)
22:58	Sentence Openers: Summary
24:24	Unit IV: Summarizing a Reference
29:32	Writing Reports
35:50	Writing Reports: Finding
	Topics
37:35	Writing Reports: Selecting Topics
41:54	Writing Reports: Summarizing
	& Note Taking
51:19	Writing Reports: Topic/Clincher
53:00	Writing Reports: Writing it up "Two Kinds of Elephants"
1:00:35	
1:00:33	Writing Reports: Writing it up Sentence Opener Indicators
1:12:09	
1:16:04	Secret of Teaching Writing
1.10.04	Secret of Teaching Witting
	Disc 4
00:00	Class Review
3:07	Stylistic Tech: Adv Teeter-totters Stylistic Tech: Adj Teeter-totters
8:05	Stylistic Tech: Adj Teeter-totters
13:06	Stylistic Tech: Noun Clause
15:05	Unit V: Writing from Pictures
17:49	Writing From Pictures: Topic Sentence
18:39	Writing From Pictures: Getting the Details
25:41	Writing From Pictures: ¶ 2
28:44	Writing From Pictures: ¶3
30:27	Teaching Writing From Pictures
34:43	Writing From Pictures: Sample
39:47	Writing From Pictures: Sources
46:00	Practicum: Writing from Pictures
47:08	<pre><pause for="" practicum=""></pause></pre>
00:00	Practicum Review
3:23	Student Sample
6:34	Catalog Sample
9:27	Stylistic Techniques: Decorations
	& Triple Extensions
11:18	Decorations: Rhetorical?
12:18	Decorations: Conversation
13:21 15:53	Decorations: 3 sss Decorations: Dramatic Opening
	& Closing
16:47	Decorations: Simile & Metaphor
19:38	Decorations: Alliteration
21:02	Decorations: Triple Extensions
27:55	How to Always Get Good Grades in College
33:31	Stylistic Techniques Summary

Disc 5	
00:00	Unit VI: Library Research Reports
4:32	Looking for References
7:46	Choosing Topics/ Outlining
7.40	Sources
12:40	Creating a Fused Outline
16:33	A Process Model of Unit VI
20:35	
29:07	Comments on Sources
	Footnotes & Bibliographies
33:06	Student Sample
37:19	Practicum: Summarizing Mult Ref
48:44	<pause for="" practicum=""></pause>
00:00	Practicum Questions & Answers
3:10	Unit VII
7:17	The 5 Paragraph Model
11:24	Introduction & Conclusion
16:20	Aristotelian Rhetoric Model
18:23	"Toothbrushes"—Topic Selection
24:46	"Toothbrushes"— Asking ?'s
35:41	Idea for Writing Tonics
37:22	Ideas for Writing Topics A Letter to Grandma
42:31	
	Taking Notes from Your Brain
45:02	"The Awesome Legos"
51:45	Using 2 or 3 Paragraphs
53:19	End of Unit VII & Disc 4
	Disc 6
00:00	Unit VIII: Formal Essay
4:28	Think 3 Topics
6:24	Review Purpose of Intro & Conc
13:15	Student Sample: "Cartoons"
18:57	Teaching Smooth Transitions
22:38	Advanced Student Sample:
	"Lady of the Lamp"
28:52	Write the Body Paragraphs First
30:46	Meeting the Length
34:54	Requirements The Super- Essay Model
42:40 45:30	Models of Writing
	Persuasive Writing Model
54:16	Persuasive Essay Sample:
1.02.12	"Women Warriors"
1:03:13	Summary of Essays
1:03:56	End of Unit VIII
1:03:56	Unit IX: Critiques
1:11:25	Student Sample: "Fox & Crow"
1:13:17	Student Sample: "An American 'Must See' Movie"
1:16:19	Student Sample: "The Friendship of Damon & Pythus"
1:21:32	Choosing Book Length
1:24:14	Summary of Teaching Writing
1:31:09	Syllabus Appendix Overview
1:39:31	Motivating Children
1:42:58	Questions & Answers
1:52:41	Conclusion
1:54:12	End of Unit IX & Disc 6
1.57.12	Lite of Olive IA & Disc o

TWSS Student Workshop and TIPS Scene Titles and Times

Elementary (Grades 2-4) Student Workshop Times		
00:00	Introduction	
2:39	"The Tortoise and the Hare"	
5:00	Sentence 1-6	
18:49	Sentence 7 Keywords – Choose Your Own	
21:21	Testing the Keyword Outline	
27:32	Writing Style	
37:47	"ly" words	
46:02	Banned Word: Said	
56:19	Starting the Composition	
58:56	No Erasing	
1:03:01	Changing the Story	
1:07:48	Preparing to Write	
1:12:04	Do the Assignment and Checklist	
1:14:29	Creating the Title	
1:18:54	Reading the Student Compositions	
1:31:44	Summary	
1:32:46	End	

Intermediate (Grades 5-7)			
Student Workshop Times			
00:00	Introduction		
2:21	"Vulture Bees" – Keyword Outline		
4:17	Sentence 1 Keywords		
6:35	Sentence 2-6 Keywords		
12:14	Sentence 7 Keywords		
13:34	Testing the "Vulture Bees" Outline		
17:16	"Dance Flies" Keyword Outline		
23:33	Testing the "Dance Flies: Keyword Outline		
27:47	Style Checklist		
38:18	Style Technique – "ly" words		
48:06	Style Technique – which clause		
57:06	Style Technique – strong verb		
1:03:06	"strong verb" continued		
1:09:45	Style Technique – "because"		
1:10:56	No Erasing Rule		
1:17:30	Preparing to Write		
1:24:09	Writing Your Composition		
1:26:24	Choosing a Title		
1:35:56	Reading Student Samples		
1:41:22	Conclusion		
1:42:03	End		

	Advanced (Grades 8-10+) Student Workshop Times		
00:00	Introduction		
2:10	"Effect of Music on Plants"		
3:36	Key Word Outline		
9:06	Key Word Outline continued		
15:48	Testing the Outline		
21:12	Note Taking from Lecture		
27:22	Lecture: "Music & Rats		
37:28	How To Study Effectively		
47:53	Tell Back Practice		
51:25	Sentence Openers		
54:57	Sentence Openers: Subject		
57:22	Sentence Openers: Prepositional		
1:03:40	Sentence Openers: "ly"		
1:10:39	Sentence Openers: Clausal		
1:18:25	Sentence Openers: VSS		
1:22:45	Writing Assignment Instructions		
1:30:04	Finishing Writing Assignment		
1:40:18	Reading Student Samples		
1:45:05	Conclusion		
1:45:30	End		

Tips and Tricks Times		
Note: There are no chapter marks for the titles in parenthesis. The times are included for your convenience to aid in scanning.		
00:00	Introduction	
11:04	Units 1, 2, & 3	
26:25	(Unit 1, 2)	
28:24	(Unit 3)	
53:20	Unit 4	
1:05:31	Unit 5	
1:12:32	Unit 6	
1:35:08	Unit 7	
1:44:48	Units 8 & 9	
02:02:02	Stylistic Techniques	
02:20:44	End of Disc	

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OVERVIEW

Teaching Writing: Structure & Style is a complete syllabus for teaching writing skills to children in grades two through ten.

Comprehensive systems for teaching writing skills are rare. Clearly, no single program will ever incorporate everything there is to learn about writing. This syllabus, however, when followed consistently, will prepare elementary-age students with writing skills far above their peers. It provides a solid foundation for exceptional performance in high school and university. Equally as significant, this syllabus offers a way to assist teachers in developing competency, independence, and creativity in their students, all within a system that provides for concrete evaluation and measurable achievement. The challenge of "word-smithing" according to a concrete set of expectations becomes a game that children enjoy. As their enjoyment of writing increases, so do their skills.

The **structure** portion of the syllabus is divided into **nine units**, which may roughly correspond with the nine months of the school year; however, it should be stressed that the pace of teaching must be adjusted to meet the age, ability and interests of the children. A teacher may begin with Unit One and proceed through the units as the months unfold or go directly to the unit of interest or need. Each year, the units may be taught again, but with more advanced source materials and with an increased expectation in sophistication and quality of output. The various structures are reinforced yearly and thus firmly internalized by the children. A sample year's schedule is included in the Appendix on page A-18.

The syllabus of **style** is taught **throughout the units** at the speed with which the students can understand and utilize it. Techniques are introduced one at a time. Only some students will master everything taught, but all students will master some of what is taught. While advanced style techniques will keep the brightest students excited about their writing, the basics of the syllabus allow all students to achieve variety and competence in expression. The syllabus in style provides valuable communication tools which will serve them always.

Below are some of the basic philosophic tenets of the Blended Sound-Sight Written Communication Pathway.

- 1. When children are given structural guidelines and specific requirements, they are more able to develop competency, independence and, as a result, creativity.
- 2. The teacher should introduce one concept at a time, model it extensively, and give numerous examples before requiring independence.
- 3. As students become competent at applying one concept, the teacher may introduce another but should continue to require that each student use, in every composition, every technique learned so far.
- 4. For a high level of ability to develop, **students must practice writing daily**. Shorter assignments given more frequently allow for faster progress through the syllabus.

Structure is rigid; style is fluid. Style is a "sprinkling system" to help bring writing to life. It allows for creative experimentation; structure develops organizational skills. In the process of mastering the guidelines and requirements of this syllabus, students will acquire writing skills to last a lifetime.

On teaching mixed groups...

This approach to composition instruction is ideal for teaching groups of children with mixed ages or abilities. In truth, even a class of twenty-five nine-year-old children will show a wide variety of existing skills and inherent aptitudes. The teaching method used with this writing syllabus allows the instructor to teach and model a concept until the most advanced students are able to grasp the idea fully and apply it independently.

While the first group is working on their own, the teacher can teach and model the process again for the other students. As the next level of students becomes independent, the teacher can continue to model for the slowest students while individually checking and customizing assignments for the top group. This sequence applies both for a class of twenty-five third graders and in a home school of two or three. Once the concept has been practiced sufficiently for all to understand and apply the basic ideas, the group can come together again for the presentation of the next concept.

What this is not...

This workbook is not meant as a stand-alone text. It is a companion to the live or DVD presentation of a two-day seminar and practicum. It can also be used as an introduction and supplement to Dr. Webster's text, *Blended Structure & Style in Composition*, a lengthy book which contains a wealth of further explanations and examples.

Some skills are not addressed herein. Spelling, handwriting, and formal grammar are subjects of importance to good writing. They must also be taught. The distinctions of informative, persuasive, and narrative writing are not mentioned in detail in this syllabus. Having the skills to express ideas in writing are foundational; therefore we are primarily concerned with teaching structure and style rather than content. Once basic skills are learned, any type of writing becomes easier and more effective.

Although this workbook (together with the seminar) does present a complete syllabus, it is also designed to supplement other methods of teaching writing which may be currently used. What we present herein can be used, either in full or in part, to improve one's own writing skills and understanding of style. Although we believe teachers will obtain the best results when they implement this program with consistency over time, it is also possible to use just one idea and see immediate improvement.

There are no student worksheets or exercises in this program since the source text for writing practice comes from the content areas of study. This is truly "writing across the curriculum." This program presents the teaching of writing in the classical sense, full of modeling, examples, techniques, and requirements. The checklist-based grading approach makes it possible for every student to be successful and show visible and significant improvements.

THE STRUCTURAL MODELS

Essay Writing

Creative Writing

(Combine with Science, History, etc.)

(Combine with Reading, Literature, etc.)

1. Note Making & Outlines

(Key words from each sentence)

2. Summarizing from Notes

(Kev words from each sentence)

3. Summarizing Narrative Stories

(Key words from answers to story sequence chart questions)

4. Summarizing a Reference

(Key words from facts from one source: limit; choose interesting/important)

6. Library Research Reports

(Key words from facts from multiple sources: limit; choose interesting/important; fuse)

8. Formal Essay

(Unit 4/6 model with Introduction & Conclusion)

Persuasive Essay

5. Writing from Pictures

(Key words from answers to questions about pictures)

7. Creative Writing with Structure

(Key words from answers to questions; "notes from brain")

9. Formal Critique

(Unit 3 model with Introduction & Conclusion)

STYLISTIC TECHNIQUES

Dress-Ups

1. who-which clause

2. "ly"

3. **because** clause

4. strong verb

5. quality adjectives

6. when, while, where, as, since, if, although clause

Advanced: dual adverbs, verbs, and adjectives; noun clause; adverbial or adjectival "teeter-totters"

Minimum Rule: Each one in every paragraph

<u>Indicator:</u> underline (only six)

Sentence Openers

• subject • clausal.

2 prepositional 6 vss (2–5 words)

3 "ly" word4 "ing",6 "ed"

Minimum Rule: Each one in every paragraph as possible;

no more than two of the same in a row.

<u>Indicator:</u> Number in margin (every sentence)

Decorations

1. question 4. dramatic opening-closing

2. conversation 5. simile or metaphor

3. 3sss 6. alliteration

Minimum Rule: One different decoration per paragraph, four per story

<u>Indicator:</u> Dotted underline or "dec." in margin

Sentence Styles (Triple Extensions)

1. word repetition

2. phrase & clausal repetition

3. repeating "ings," consecutive or spaced

4. repeating "lys," consecutive or spaced

5. repeating adjectives or nouns

6. repeating verbs, consecutive or spaced

Minimum Rule: One different style per paragraph

Indicator: The word "triple" in margin

17