

PRIMARY MATHEMATICS

Scope and Sequence Grades K - 5



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Scope and Sequence Grades K - 5

	Kindergarten	Grade I	Grade 2
NUMBER A	ND OPERATIONS		
Sets and Numbers	Use concrete models and pictures to create sets with given numbers of objects to 20. [Chapters I, 2, 3, 6, and 7]	Use concrete and pictorial models to create a set with a given number of objects. (Up to I20) [Chapters I, 4, and 8] Group objects and numbers up to I20 in tens and ones. [Chapters I, 4, and 8] Use cardinal numbers up to I20. [Chapters I, 4, and 8]	Use concrete and pictorial models to create a set with a given number of objects. (Up to I,000) [Chapter I] Group objects and numbers up to I,000 into hundreds, tens, and ones. [Chapter I] Group objects into equal sized groups. [Chapter 6]
Number Representation	Use numbers to represent quantities to 20. [Chapters I, 2, 3, 6, and 7]. Write numerals to represent numbers 0 to 20. [Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7]	Use number bonds to represent number combinations. [Chapters I, 2, 3, and 5]	Use base-ten blocks to create equivalent representations of numbers. [Chapter I]
Count	Explore count sequence and number names to 100. [Chapters I, 2, 3, 7, and I2] Count on and back from a given number. [Chapters 2, 3, 7, and I2] Realize that, when counting, the last number named tells how many. [Chapters I, 2, 3, 7, and I2] While counting objects, say one number name per item. [Chapters I, 2, 3, 7, and I2] Count numbers of items in sets from different starting points; count sets accurately regardless of arrangements of objects. [Chapters I, 2, 3, 7, and I2] Relate each successive number name to a quantity that is one greater. [Chapters 2, 3, 7, and I2] Count up to 20 objects in a set. [Chapters I, 2, 3, and 7] Count on to and back from 20. [Chapter 7] Count by tens to 100. [Chapter I2]	Count within I20. [Chapters I, 4, and 8] Count by Is and IOs forward and backward to IOO. [Chapters I, 4, and 8]	Count within I,000. [Chapter I] Count by multiples of ones, tens, and hundreds. [Chapter I]
Compare and Order	Compare and order sets and numbers up to 20 using counting and matching strategies. [Chapter 5]	Compare and order whole numbers to IOO. [Chapters I, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 8] Compare and order using the terms same, more, fewer, greater than, less than, equal to, greatest, and least. [Chapters I, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, and IO]	Compare and order whole numbers to I,000. [Chapter I] Use <, >, and = to compare two 2-digit numbers. [Chapter I]
Compose and Decompose Numbers	Compose and decompose numbers less than or equal to IO into pairs in more than one way. [Chapter 6] Compose and decompose numbers less than or equal to 20 into pairs in more than one way. [Chapters 6 and 7] Compose and decompose numbers from II to I9 into IO ones and some further ones	Make groups of IO and count on to tell the number. [Chapters I, 4, and 8] Use number bonds to add and subtract. [Chapters 2, 3, 5, and 9]	Write multi-digit numbers in expanded form. [Chapter I]

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and 20 as 2 tens. [Chapter 7]



	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
NUMBER A	ND OPERATIONS		
Sets and Numbers	Use concrete and pictorial models to create a set with a given number of objects. (Up to I0,000) [Chapter I] Group objects and numbers up to I0,000 into thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones. [Chapter I] Group objects into equal sized groups. [Chapters 3 and 4]	Use concrete and pictorial models to create a set with a given number of objects. (Up to I,000,000) [Chapter I] Group objects and numbers up to I,000,000 into hundred thousands, ten thousands, thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones. [Chapter I]	Group objects and numbers up to IO million into millions, hundred thousands, ten thousands, thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones. [Chapter I]
Number Representation	Represent numbers to 10,000 in different equivalent forms (base-ten, number discs, bar models). [Chapters I, 2, and 4]	Represent numbers to I,000,000 in various contexts. [Chapter I]	Express numbers to IO million in various forms. [Chapter I] Use exponents to denote powers of IO. [Chapter I]
Count	Count within I0,000. [Chapter I] Count by thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones. [Chapter I]	Count within I,000,000. [Chapter I] Count by hundred thousands, ten thousands, thousands, hundreds, tens, and ones. [Chapter I]	Count by millions and thousands. [Chapter I]
Compare and Order	Compare and order whole numbers to I0,000. [Chapter I]	Compare and order whole numbers to I,000,000. [Chapter I]	Compare and order whole numbers to IO million. [Chapter I]
Compose and Decompose Numbers	Write multi-digit numbers in expanded form. [Chapter I]	Write multi-digit numbers in expanded form. [Chapter I]	Write multi-digit numbers in expanded form. [Chapter I]

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Scope and Sequence Grades K - 5

	Kindergarten	Grade I	Grade 2
NUMBER A	AND OPERATIONS (CONT	ΓINUED)	
Place Value	Compose and decompose numbers from II to I9 into ten ones and some further ones and 20 as 2 tens. [Chapter 7] Explore numbers 2I to IOO as tens and ones. [Chapter I2]	Use base-ten blocks and place-value charts to represent numbers to I2O. [Chapters I, 2, 3, 4, 5, 8, and 9] Write numbers to I2O in standard and word forms. [Chapters I, 4, and 8]	Use place-value models to represent numbers to I,000. [Chapter I] Write numbers to I,000 in standard, expanded, and word forms. [Chapter I]
Fraction Concepts		Partition shapes into two to four equal shares. [Chapter II] Describe the shares using the terms halves, fourths, and quarters, and use the phrases half of, fourth of, and quarter of. [Chapter II] Understand that dividing a shape into more equal shares makes smaller shares. [Chapter II]	Partition circles and rectangles into unit fractions halves, thirds, and fourths. [Chapter 9]
Money		Identify and relate coin values (penny, nickel, dime, quarter). [Chapter 8] Count and make simple coin combinations. [Chapter 8]	Identify \$1, \$5, \$10, \$20, and \$100 bills. [Chapter I] Count and make combinations of coins and bills. [Chapter I] Compare money amounts. [Chapter I] Solve word problems involving money, using \$ and \$ appropriately. [Chapter I]
Decimal Concepts			Use the dollar sign and decimal point. [Chapter I]
Scope and Se	quence Grades K-5		

	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
NUMBER A	AND OPERATIONS (CONT	ΓINUED)	
Place Value	Use place-value models to read, write, and represent numbers to 10,000. [Chapter I] Write numbers to 10,000 in standard, expanded, and word forms. [Chapter I]	Use place-value models to read, write, and represent numbers to I,000,000. [Chapter I] Write numbers to I,000,000 in standard, expanded, and word forms. [Chapter I]	Recognize that in a multi-digit number, digit in one place represents IO times as much as it represents in the place to the right and $\frac{1}{10}$ of what it represents in the place to its left for whole numbers to IO million. [Chapter I]
Fraction Concepts	Understand the meanings and uses of fractions including fraction as part of a set. [Chapter 7] Understand that the size of a fractional part is relative to the size of the whole. [Chapter 7] Compare and order fractions using models, and number lines. [Chapter 7] Recognize equivalent fractions through the use of models and number lines. [Chapter 7] Write whole numbers as fractions, and recognize fractions that are equivalent to whole numbers. [Chapter 7] Find a fraction of a set. [Chapter 7]	Recognize, write, name, and illustrate mixed numbers and improper fractions in various forms. [Chapter 6] Generate equivalent fractions. [Chapter 6] Compare nonequivalent fractions by creating common denominators or numerators, or by comparing with benchmark fractions. Use <, >, and = symbols. [Chapter 5] Convert among mixed numbers and improper fractions. [Chapter 6]	Understand how to convert fractions to decimals. [Chapter 4] Understand the relationships between fractions and division expressions. [Chapter 4]
Money	Add and subtract money. [Chapter 2] Solve real-world problems involving addition and subtraction of money. [Chapter 2]		
Decimal Concepts		Model decimals using tenths and hundredths. Understand decimal notation through hundredths as an extension of the baseten system. [Chapter 7] Read and write decimals that are greater than or less than I. [Chapter 7] Compare and order decimals. [Chapter 7] Identify equivalent fractions and decimals. [Chapter 7] Use the dollar sign and decimal point in money amounts. [Chapter 7]	Model decimals using thousandths. [Chapter 6] Understand place value concepts through thousandths. [Chapter 6] Understand how to convert decimals to fractions. [Chapter 6]







Whole Number Computation: Addition and Subtraction stories: [Chapters 9, 10, and II] Use +, -, and + of the write number sentences for addition and subtraction stories. [Chapters 9, 10, and II] Use +, -, and + of the write number sentences for addition and subtraction stories. [Chapters 9, 10, and II] Use +, -, and + of the write number sentences for addition and subtraction stories. [Chapters 9, 10, and II] Use +, -, and + of the write number sentences for addition and subtraction stories. [Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9] Use the order, apropried models, numbers, and symbols, Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 6] Use the order, apropried for models, numbers, and symbols, Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 6] Use the order, apropried for the equal sign decide if number sentences involving addition and subtraction are true or fortunation and subtraction are true or fortunation are true or fortunation and subtraction are true or fortunation and subtraction are true or fortunation and subtraction are true or fortunations. Whole Number Computation: Addition and Subtraction stories with morphulatives, addition and subtraction stories with morphulatives, addition and subtraction stories with morphulatives, addition and subtraction to fortunation are superior subtraction to fortunation and problems Develop Protice addition and subtraction in different contexts with words, models, finally in the subtraction to fortunation to for 10 and 1II] Whole Number Computation and Subtraction to firm and subtraction to firm and subtraction to fortunation to fortunation to fortunation to fortunation to firm and subtraction in different contexts with words, models, finally and and subtraction within III. (Chapter 9, 10, and III) Myole Number Computation and subtraction in different contexts with words, models, finally and subtraction within III. (Chapter 9, 10, and III) Myole Number Computation and subtraction in different contexts with words, models, finally and subtraction within III. (Chapter 9, 10, and III) Myole Number Computation and subtractio		Kindergarten	Grade I	Grade 2
Chapters 9, 10, and II Use +, -, and = 1 to write number sentences for addition and subtraction stories. Chapters 9, 10, and II Understand the meaning of the equal sign; decide if number sentences incide if number sentences involving addition and subtraction facts. Chapters 2 and 3 Use different methods to develop fluency is addition and subtraction are true or false. Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9 Use the order, grouping, and zero properties to develop addition and subtraction and subtraction fact strategies. Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9 Use the order, grouping, and zero properties to develop addition and subtract up to two 2-digit numbers. Chapters 2 and 3 Add and subtract up to two 2-digit numbers with and without regrouping. Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9 Solve addition and subtraction stories with manipulatives, actions, drawings, and number sentences. Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9 Solve addition and subtraction problems using basic facts. Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9 Solve addition and subtraction problems using basic facts. Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9 Solve addition and subtraction problems using basic facts. Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9 Solve addition and subtraction problems using basic facts. Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9 Solve addition and subtraction problems using basic facts. Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9 Chapters 4 Chapter 5 Chapters 2 and 3 Chapters 2 and 3 Chapters 3 and 3 Chapters 4 Chapter 4 Chapter 4 Chapter 4 Chapter 5 Chapters 2 and 3 Chapters 3 an	NUMBER A	ND OPERATIONS (CONT	rinued)	
Computation: Addition and Subtraction Real-World Problems Develop Fluency with Addition and Subtraction to 5 or 10 Whole Number Computation: Multiplication and Division with reaction stories with manipulatives, actions, drawings, and number sentences. [Chapters 9, 10, and II] Develop Fluency with Addition and Subtraction in different contexts with words, models, fingers, and numerals. [Chapters 9, 10, and II] Add the same number to find the total number of items in equal groups. [Chapter 6] Whole Number Computation: Multiplication and Division Subtraction stories with manipulatives, actions stories with manipulatives, actions, drawings, and number sentences. [Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9] Solve addition and subtraction problems using a bar model. [Chapter 4] Fractice addition and subtraction within 10. [Chapters 2 and 3] Add the same number to find the total number of items in equal groups. [Chapter 6] Use × and = symbols to represent multiplication equations. [Chapter 6]	Computation: Addition and	[Chapters 9, 10, and II] Use +, -, and = to write number sentences for addition and subtraction stories.	[Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9] Add and subtract within 20, using appropriate models, numbers, and symbols. [Chapters 2, 3, 5, and 6] Understand the meaning of the equal sign; decide if number sentences involving addition and subtraction are true or false. [Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9] Use the order, grouping, and zero properties to develop addition and subtraction fact strategies. [Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9] Add and subtract up to two 2-digit numbers with and without regrouping.	I,000 using place-value strategies. [Chapters 2 and 3] Recall addition and subtraction facts. [Chapters 2 and 3] Use different methods to develop fluency in adding and subtracting multi-digit numbers. [Chapters 2 and 3] Add and subtract whole numbers to
Fluency with Addition and Subtraction to 5 or IO Whole Number Computation: Multiplication and Division different contexts with words, models, fingers, and numerals. [Chapters 9, IO, and II] Add the same number to find the total number of items in equal groups. [Chapter 8] Represent multiplication as repeated addition. [Chapter 6] Use × and = symbols to represent multiplication equations. [Chapter 6]	Computation: Addition and Subtraction Real-World	subtraction stories with manipulatives, actions, drawings, and number sentences.	[Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6, and 9] Solve addition and subtraction problems using basic facts. [Chapters 2, 3, 5, 6,	problems by using a bar model.
Computation:number of items in equal groups.addition. [Chapter 6]Multiplication[Chapter 8]Use × and = symbols to representand Divisionmultiplication equations. [Chapter 6]	Fluency with Addition and Subtraction to	different contexts with words, models, fingers, and numerals. [Chapters 9, 10,		
	Computation: Multiplication and Division		number of items in equal groups.	addition. [Chapter 6] Use × and = symbols to represent

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	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
NUMBER A	ND OPERATIONS (CONT	ΓINUED)	
Whole Number Computation: Addition and Subtraction	Model regrouping in addition and subtraction using place-value strategies. [Chapter 2] Add and subtract whole numbers to 10,000. [Chapter 2]	Model regrouping in addition and subtraction using place-value strategies. [Chapter 2] Fluently add and subtract multi-digit whole numbers using the standard algorithm. [Chapter 2]	Model order of operations with whole numbers. [Chapter 2]
Whole Number Computation: Addition and Subtraction Real-World Problems	Solve addition and subtraction problems with greater numbers by using a bar model. [Chapter 2]	Solve addition and subtraction problems with greater numbers by using a bar model. [Chapter 2]	Solve problems using order of operation [Chapter 2]
Develop Fluency with Addition and Subtraction to 5 or 10			
Whole Number Computation: Multiplication and Division Concepts	Multiply and divide up to 2-digit numbers by any number from 2 to 10. [Chapters 3 and 4] Represent multiplication in different ways (repeated addition, arrays, and area models). [Chapters 3 and 4] Model division in different ways (repeated subtraction, sharing, grouping). [Chapters 3 and 4] Recall related multiplication facts in division. [Chapters 3 and 4] Use the x, ÷, and = symbols to represent multiplication and division equations. [Chapters 3 and 4]	Illustrate and explain multiplication and division by using equations, rectangular arrays, and/or area models. [Chapter 3] Understand factors and multiples. [Chapter 3]	Model order of operations with whole numbers. [Chapter 2]

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	Kindergarten	Grade I	Grade 2
NUMBER A	AND OPERATIONS (CON	TINUED)	
Whole Number Computation: Multiplication and Division Algorithms			
Whole Number Computation: Multiplication and Division Real-World Problems			Solve multiplication word problems. [Chapter 6]
Fraction Computation			
Decimal Computation			Solve addition and subtraction word problems involving money. [Chapter I]
Estimation and Mental Math		Use mental math strategies to add and subtract. [Chapters 2, 3, and 5]	Use mental math strategies to add and subtract. [Chapters 2 and 3]



		Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
	NUMBER A	AND OPERATIONS (CON	TINUED)	
	Whole Number Computation: Multiplication and Division Algorithms	Multiply 2-digit numbers by a I-digit number, with and without renaming. [Chapter 4] Apply properties of addition and multiplication to multiply (partial products). [Chapter 4]	Develop fluency in multiplying multi-digit numbers. [Chapter 3] Multiply a 4-digit whole number by a I-digit whole number, and multiply two 2-digit numbers using strategies based on place value. [Chapter 3] Divide a 4-digit number by a I-digit number, with and without a remainder. [Chapters 3 and 4]	Multiply multi-digit numbers. [Chapter 2] Find quotients involving multi-digit dividends. [Chapter 2]
	Whole Number Computation: Multiplication and Division Real-World Problems	Use bar models to represent multiplication and division situations. [Chapters 3 and 4] Solve one- and two-step multiplication and division problems. [Chapters 3 and 4]	Multiply or divide to solve word problems involving multiplicative comparison by using drawings and equations with a symbol for the unknown number to represent the problem. [Chapters 3 and 4] Solve multi-digit multiplication and division problems. [Chapters 3 and 4] Solve division problems that involve interpreting the remainder. [Chapters 3 and 4] Apply understanding of models for multiplication and division. [Chapters 3 and 4]	Compare the size of a product to one factor without multiplication. [Chapter 2] Solve multiplication and division problems. [Chapter 2] Determine the most useful form of the quotient and interpret the remainder. [Chapter 2]
	Fraction Computation	Express a fraction as the sum of repeated unit fractions. [Chapter 7] Express a whole as the sum of two like fractions. [Chapter 7]	Add and subtract like fractions. [Chapter 3] Solve word problems involving multiplication of a fraction by a whole number. [Chapter 3]	Add and subtract unlike fractions and mixed numbers. [Chapter 3] Multiply proper fractions, improper fractions, mixed numbers, and whole numbers. [Chapter 4] Compare the size of a product to the size of one factor on the basis of the size of the other factor, without performing the indicated multiplication. [Chapter 3] Divide fractions by whole numbers. [Chapter 4] Divide a whole number by a unit fraction. [Chapter 4] Solve word problems with addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of fractions. [Chapter 3 and 4]
	Decimal Computation	Add and subtract money amounts. [Chapter 2]	Add and subtract money amounts. [Chapter 2]	Model order of operations with decimals. [Chapter 7]
Ī	Estimation and Mental Math	Use mental math strategies to add, subtract, multiply, and divide. [Chapters 2, 3, 4, and 5] Use mental computation and estimation to assess the reasonableness of answers. [Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, and 6] Use rounding to estimate sums and differences. [Chapters 2 and 3]	Use mental math and estimation strategies to find sums, differences, products, and quotients. [Chapters I, 2, and 4] Decide whether an estimate or exact answer is needed. [Chapters I, 2, and 4]	Use estimation and mental math to estimate sums, differences, products, and quotients. [Chapters 2 and 6] Round decimals. [Chapter 6] Estimate sums and differences with fractions and decimals. [Chapters 4 and 6] Estimate products and quotients with decimals. [Chapter 6]

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	Kindergarten	Grade I	Grade 2
ALGEBRA	/ EXPRESSIONS AND EG	DUATIONS	
Patterns	Describe and extend repeating shape patterns. [Chapter 4] Find missing terms in repeating patterns. [Chapter I2] Count by IOs. [Chapter I2]	Identify, describe, and extend two- and three-dimensional shape patterns. [Chapter II] Identify a rule for sorting objects. [Chapter II] Identify and extend repeating patterns. [Chapters 4, 8, and II] Find missing terms in repeating patterns. [Chapters 4, 8, and II]	Describe, extend, and create two-dimensional shape patterns. [Chapter 9] Skip count by 2s, 5s, and IOs. [Chapters I, 2, and 3] Identify rules for number patterns. [Chapter I]
Properties		Use the Associative and Commutative Properties of Addition. [Chapters 2, 5, and 9] Additive identity property of 0. [Chapters 2, 5, and 9]	Understand that addition and subtraction are inverse operations. [Chapter 3] Use the Associative Property, Identity Property, and Commutative Property as addition strategies. [Chapters 2 and 3]
Number Theory			Determine whether a group of objects has an odd or even number of members. [Chapter 6] Identify odd and even numbers. [Chapter 6]
Functional Relationships		Understand the relationships between the numbers in fact families. [Chapters 3 and 5]	Recognize how bar models show relationships between numbers and unknowns in number sentences. [Chapter 4]
Expressions/ Models	Use objects, fingers, drawings, and symbols to represent numbers. [Chapters I, 2, 3, 6, 7, and I2] Use a variety of concrete (objects, fingers), pictorial, and symbolic models for addition and subtraction. [Chapters 9, IO, and II] Use objects to represent geometric figures. [Chapter 4]	Use a variety of concrete, pictorial, and symbolic models for addition and subtraction. [Chapters 2, 3, 5, and 9]	Use a variety of concrete, pictorial, and symbolic models for addition, subtraction, and multiplication. [Chapters 2, 3, 4, and 6]
Number Sentences and Equations	Model addition and subtraction stories with addition and subtraction number sentences. [Chapters 9, IO, and II]	Model addition and subtraction situations by writing addition and subtraction number sentences. [Chapters 2, 3, 5, and 9]	Model addition, subtraction, and multiplication situations by writing the respective equations. [Chapters 2, 3, 4, and 6] Use equations to represent real-world problems. [Chapters 4 and 6] Determine the value of missing quantities in equations. [Chapters 2, 3, 4, and 6]

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	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
ALGEBRA	/ EXPRESSIONS AND EG	UATIONS	
Patterns	Create and describe addition, multiplication, and division patterns. [Chapters I, 3, and 4] Skip count by 2s to IOs. [Chapters 3 and 4] Analyze number and counting patterns. [Chapters I, 3, and 4]	Identify, describe, and extend numerical and nonnumerical patterns. [Chapters I and 7] Use a rule to describe a sequence of numbers or objects. [Chapters I and 7]	Identify, describe, and extend numerical patterns involving all operations. [Chapter I2] Find rules to complete number patterns. [Chapter I2] Form and graph ordered pairs of corresponding terms from two numerical patterns. [Chapter I2]
Properties	Understand that multiplication and division are related. [Chapters 3 and 4] Create and explain multiplication and division patterns. [Chapters 3 and 4] Model, define, and explain properties of multiplication. [Chapter 3]	Understand prime and composite numbers. [Chapter 3]	Explain patterns in the number of zeroes and in the placement of the decimal point when multiplying a number by a power of IO. [Chapter 7]
Number Theory		Find the greatest common factor and least common multiple. [Chapter 3] Determine if a whole number is prime or composite. [Chapter 3]	Apply the least common multiple concept to finding a common denominator for two fractions. [Chapter 4]
Functional Relationships	Understand the relationships between the numbers in multiplication-division fact families. [Chapter 4]	Understand the relationships between the numbers and symbols in formulas for area and perimeter. [Chapter 8]	Understand the relationships between the numbers and symbols in formulas for volume. [Chapter 9] Describe number relationships in context. Graph ordered pairs and equations from tables of values. [Chapter II]
Expressions/ Models	Use a variety of concrete, pictorial, and symbolic models for multi-digit addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division. [Chapters 2, 3, and 4] Represent two-step word problems with unknown quantities. [Chapters 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 9]	Use a variety of concrete, pictorial, and symbolic models for the four operations with whole numbers, fractions, and decimals. [Chapters 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7]	Use parentheses, brackets, or braces in numerical expressions, and evaluate expressions with these symbols. [Chapter 2] Write and simplify numerical expressions. [Chapter 2] Evaluate numerical expressions with two or more operations using the order of operations. [Chapter 2]
Number Sentences and Equations	Write addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division equations. [Chapters 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 9] Write and solve equations for one- and two-step real-world problems. [Chapters 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 9] Determine the missing parts (quantities or symbols) in equations. [Chapters 2, 3, 4, 6, 8, and 9]	Write and solve equations for multi-step word problems. [Chapters 2 and 3] Determine the missing parts (quantities or symbols) in equations. [Chapters 2 and 3]	Write and solve equations for multi-step word problems. [Chapters 2, 3, 5, 8, and II] Write and solve equations. [Chapters 2, 3, 5, 8, and II] Graph linear equations. [Chapter II]

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Scope and Sequence Grades K - 5

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	Kindergarten	Grade I	Grade 2	
ALGEBRA	/ EXPRESSIONS AND EG	OUATIONS (CONTINUED)	
Equality and Inequality	Understand the meaning of the = sign in number sentences. [Chapters 9, IO, and II]	Partition shapes into two to four equal shares. [Chapter II]	Use and create models that demonstrate equality or inequality. [Chapter I] Use <, >, and = to write equations or inequalities. [Chapter I]	
The Coordinate Plane				
GEOMETR	y			
Size and Position	Use vocabulary such as beside and above to describe and compare relative positions of objects. [Chapter 4] Use positional words to describe location. [Chapter 4]	Identify and describe two-dimensional shapes in different sizes and orientations. [Chapter II]		
Lines and Angles			Identify lines and curves. [Chapter 9]	
Two- Dimensional Shapes / Polygons	Describe, compare, and name two-dimensional shapes regardless of their orientations and overall sizes. [Chapter 4] Name flat shapes that make up surfaces of real-world objects. [Chapter 4] Sort and classify two-dimensional shapes. [Chapter 4] Combine simple shapes to form larger shapes and pictures. [Chapter 4] Make and extend two-dimensional shape patterns. [Chapter 4]	Identify real-world two-dimensional shapes. [Chapter II] Identify and describe attributes and properties of two-dimensional shapes. [Chapter II] Sort and classify two-dimensional shapes based on attributes. [Chapter II] Compose and decompose two-dimensional shapes. [Chapter II]	Recognize and draw shapes based on specified attributes. Identify triangles, quadrilaterals, pentagons, hexagons, and cubes. [Chapter 9] Identify lines and curves. [Chapter 9] Compose and decompose two-dimensional shapes. [Chapter 9]	

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	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
ALGEBRA A	/ EXPRESSIONS AND EG	OUATIONS (CONTINUED)
Equality and Inequality	Use and create models that demonstrate equality or inequality. [Chapter I] Use <, >, and = to write equations or inequalities. [Chapters I and 7]	Understand equality and inequality. [Chapters I, 2, 3, 5, 6, and 7]	Understand equality and inequality. [Chapter I] Write and interpret statements of equality and inequality. [Chapter I]
The Coordinate Plane			Identify and plot points in the first quadrant of the coordinate plane. [Chapter II] Make a table of values from an equation, and plot the points these ordered pairs form in the coordinate plane. [Chapter II]
GEOMETR	У		
Size and Position			
Lines and Angles	Illustrate an angle as an amount of turning. [Chapter II] Name angles. [Chapter II] Identify right angles and compare angles to right angles. [Chapter II]	Identify perpendicular and parallel lines. [Chapter 9] Estimate before measuring angles [Chapter 9] Draw perpendicular and parallel lines. [Chapter 9] Draw and measure angles. [Chapter 9] Understand the relationship between angles and circular measurement (360°). [Chapter 9] Recognize that angle can be broken down into smaller parts. [Chapter 9] Understand how to work with angles on a straight line. [Chapter 9] Understand how to work with angles at a point. [Chapter 9] Apply the sum of the angles on a straight line to solve problems. [Chapter 9]	
Two- Dimensional Shapes / Polygons	Describe, analyze, compare, and classify two-dimensional shapes by their sides and angles. [Chapter II] Classify and sort polygons and quadrilaterals by specified attributes and properties. [Chapter II] Measure and compare the area and perimeter of plane figures in square units. [Chapter 6]	Apply the properties of squares and rectangles. [Chapters 8 and 9] Find unknown angle measures and side lengths of squares and rectangles. [Chapters 8 and 9] Understand the relationships between the numbers and symbols in formulas for area and perimeter. [Chapter 8]	Apply the properties of right, isosceles, and equilateral triangles. [Chapter IO] Apply the properties of a parallelogram, rhombus, and trapezoid. [Chapter IO]

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	Kindergarten	Grade I	Grade 2
GEOMETR	Y (CONTINUED)		
Three- Dimensional Shapes / Solid Figures	Analyze, describe, compare, name, and sort solid shapes. [Chapter 4] Understand that the surfaces of three-dimensional shapes are made up of two-dimensional shapes. [Chapter 4] Identify, describe, sort, and classify three-dimensional shapes. [Chapter 4] Identify solid figures that slide, stack, and roll. [Chapter 4]	Identify real-world three-dimensional shapes. [Chapter II] Identify two-dimensional shapes in three-dimensional shapes. [Chapter II] Sort and classify three-dimensional shapes. [Chapter II] Recognize shapes from different perspectives. [Chapter II] Compose and decompose three-dimensional shapes. [Chapter II]	Identify, describe, sort, and classify three-dimensional shapes. [Chapter 9] Identify solid figures that slide, stack, and roll. [Chapter 9]
Congruence and Symmetry			
Coordinate Geometry			
Circles	Identify and describe two-dimensional shapes such as circles. [Chapter 4]	Compose two-dimensional shapes such as half-circles and quarter-circles. [Chapter II]	
MEASURE	MENT		
Length and Distance	Compare lengths (long, short, longer, shorter). [Chapter 8] Describe and compare lengths and heights using nonstandard units. [Chapter 8] Develop a background for measurement by comparing and using nonstandard	Compare the lengths of two objects by comparing each with a third length (transitivity). [Chapter 7] Use a start line to measure length. [Chapter 7] Measure lengths using nonstandard units. [Chapter 7]	Demonstrate linear measure as an iteration of units. [Chapter 5] Use rulers to measure length. [Chapter 5] Estimate and measure length. [Chapter 5] Measure length in meters, centimeters, feet, and inches. [Chapter 5] Use units of different length to measure

units. [Chapter 8]

Explain the need for equal-length units to

measure. [Chapter 7] Count length units in groups of tens and

ones. [Chapter 7] Compare measurements made using

different units. [Chapter 7]

Understand the inverse relationship between the size of a unit and the number of units. [Chapter 7]

an object twice; describe how the two measurements relate to the size of the

unit chosen. [Chapter 5]

Compare and measure lengths using customary and metric units. [Chapter 5] Demonstrate partitioning and transitivity in relation to length. [Chapter 5] Solve problems involving estimating, measuring, and computing length.

[Chapter 5]

Solve addition and subtraction word problems involving length. [Chapter 5]

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	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
GEOMETR	Y (CONTINUED)		
Three- Dimensional Shapes / Solid Figures			Create a solid figure using unit cubes. [Chapter 9]
Congruence and Symmetry		Recognize line symmetry. [Chapter 9]	
Coordinate Geometry			Develop coordinate readiness with tables and line graphs. [Chapter II] Plot points on a coordinate grid (first quadrant only). [Chapter II]
Circles		Understand the relationship between angles and circular measurement (360°). [Chapter 9]	
MEASURE	MENT		
Length and Distance	Solve real-world problems in measurement. [Chapters 2, 3, and 4]	Convert from larger to smaller customary units of length. [Chapters IO and II] Convert from larger to smaller metric units of length. [Chapters IO and II] Solve real-world problems involving length. [Chapters IO and II]	Use measurement conversions of length in solving real-world problems. [Chapters I, 2, 3, and 8]
			Scope and Sequence Grades K-5

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MEASUREMENT (CONTINUED)
Capacity/ Volume Time Tell time to the hour and half-hour on analog and digital clocks. [Chapter 12] Estimate time to the hour or half-hour. [Chapter 12] Tell time to the hour or half-hour. [Chapter 7] Tell time to five minutes. [Chapter 7] Identify elapsed time of one hour or half hour. [Chapter 7] Angles Recognize and draw shapes given a
Time Tell time to the hour and half-hour on analog and digital clocks. [Chapter 12] Estimate time to the hour or half-hour. [Chapter 12] Angles Tell and write time using A.M. and P.M. [Chapter 7] Tell time to five minutes. [Chapter 7] Identify elapsed time of one hour or half hour. [Chapter 7]
Time Tell time to the hour and half-hour on analog and digital clocks. [Chapter 12] Estimate time to the hour or half-hour. [Chapter 12] Tell time using A.M. and P.M. [Chapter 7] Tell time to five minutes. [Chapter 7] Identify elapsed time of one hour or half hour. [Chapter 7] Angles Recognize and draw shapes given a
analog and digital clocks. [Chapter 12] Estimate time to the hour or half-hour. [Chapter 12] [Chapter 12] [Chapter 7] Tell time to five minutes. [Chapter 7] Identify elapsed time of one hour or half hour. [Chapter 7] Angles Recognize and draw shapes given a
Recognize and draw shapes given a number of angles. [Chapter 9]

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	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
MEASURE	MENT (CONTINUED)		
Weight/Mass	Select appropriate units and tools to estimate and measure masses of objects in kilograms or grams. [Chapter 8] Compare masses in kilograms or grams. [Chapter 8] Solve addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division word problems involving mass in kilograms or grams. [Chapter 8]	Convert from larger to smaller customary units of weight/mass. [Chapters IO and II] Convert from larger to smaller metric units of weight/mass. [Chapters IO and II] Solve real-world problems involving weight/mass. [Chapters IO and II]	Use measurement conversions of weight, mass in solving real-world problems. [Chapters I, 2, 3, and 8]
Capacity/ Volume	Select appropriate tools and units to estimate and measure volume and capacity in liters. [Chapter 9] Compare volume or capacity in liters. [Chapter 9] Solve addition, subtraction, multiplication, or division word problems involving volume or capacity in liters. [Chapter 9]	Convert from larger to smaller customary units of capacity. [Chapters IO and II] Convert from larger to smaller metric units of capacity. [Chapters IO and II] Solve real-world problems involving capacity. [Chapters IO and II]	Use measurement conversions of capacity/volume in solving real-world problems. Estimate and measure volume in cubic units. [Chapter 9] Recognize volume as additive and find the volumes of prisms and solid figures. [Chapter 9] Use formulas to find the volume of rectangular prisms and other solid figures. [Chapter 9]
Time	Tell time to the minute. [Chapter 5] Convert between hours and minutes. [Chapter 5] Determine elapsed time, start time, and end time. [Chapter 5] Add and subtract units of time. [Chapter 5]	Convert from larger to smaller customary units of time. [Chapters IO and II]	
Angles	Compare angles to right angles. [Chapter II]	Estimate and measure angles in wholenumber degrees with a protractor. [Chapter 9] Classify angles by angle measure and recognize angle measure as additive. [Chapter 9] Relate $\frac{1}{4}$ -, $\frac{1}{2}$ -, $\frac{3}{4}$ -, and full turns to the number of right angles. [Chapter 9] Understand the relationship between angles and the 360 degrees of the measure of a circle. [Chapter 9] Apply the idea that the sum of angles on a straight line is 180°. [Chapter 9] Apply the idea that vertical angles are equal in measure. [Chapter 9] Apply the idea that the sum of angles at a point is 360°. [Chapter 9]	

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	Kindergarten	Grade I	Grade 2
MEASURE	MENT (CONTINUED)		
Perimeter			
Area		Compose and decompose two-dimensional shapes (foundation for understanding area). [Chapter II]	Develop foundations for understanding area. [Chapter 9]
Surface Area and Volume			
DATA ANA	LYSIS / STATISTICS AN	D PROBABILITY	
Classifying and Sorting	Understand similarities and differences in objects and shapes. [Chapter 4] Identify attributes that may be used as a basis for sorting. [Chapter 4] Sort and classify objects using one or two attributes. [Chapter 4] Count and compare numbers of objects in categories. [Chapter 5]	Sort and classify geometric shapes. [Chapter II] Sort and classify data in order to make picture graphs and tally charts. [Chapter IO]	Sort and classify two- and three-dimensional shapes by properties. [Chapter 9] Collect and organize data and represent it in different ways. [Chapter 8]
Collect and Organize Data		Collect and organize data in different ways. [Chapter IO]	Collect and organize data in different ways. [Chapter 8]
Represent Data		Represent data in picture graphs and tally charts. [Chapter IO]	Represent measurement data in a line plot using whole numbers. [Chapter 8]
Interpret/ Analyze Data		Interpret data in picture graphs and tally charts. [Chapter IO] Solve problems involving data. [Chapter IO]	Solve problem situations using graphs. [Chapter 8]

Scope and Sequence Grades K-

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	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5
MEASURE	MENT (CONTINUED)		
Perimeter	Measure perimeter of plane figures. [Chapter 6] Choose the appropriate tool, unit, and strategy to measure perimeter. [Chapter 6]	Find the perimeter of squares, rectangles, and composite figures. [Chapter 8] Solve problems involving the perimeter of squares, rectangles, and composite figures. [Chapter 8]	
Area	Find and compare the area of plane figures in different square units. [Chapter 9] Draw different plane figures with the same area. [Chapter 9] Estimate area of small and large surfaces. Compare the area and perimeter of two plane figures. [Chapter 9] Find the area of rectangles and composite figures. [Chapter 9]	Connect area measure to the area model for multiplication; use it to justify the formula for the area of a rectangle. [Chapter 8] Estimate and measure area in square units. [Chapter 8] Select appropriate units, strategies, and tools to solve area. [Chapter 8] Recognize area as additive. [Chapter 8] Solve problems involving the area of squares, rectangles, and composite figures. [Chapter 8]	
Surface Area and Volume			Estimate and measure volume in cubic units. [Chapter 9]
DATA ANA	LYSIS / STATISTICS AN	D PROBABILITY	
Classifying and Sorting	Classify and sort polygons and quadrilaterals by specified attributes and properties. [Chapter II] Collect and organize data and represent it in different ways. [Chapter IO]	Construct line plots. [Chapter 6]	
Collect and Organize Data	Collect and organize data and represent it in different ways. [Chapter 10]		
Represent Data	Represent measurement data in a line plot where the horizontal scale is marked in whole numbers, halves, or quarters. [Chapter 10]	Make a line plot to display a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit. [Chapter 6]	Make a line plot to display a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit. [Chapter 7]
Interpret/ Analyze Data	Interpret picture graphs and bar graphs with scales. [Chapter IO] Use bar graphs, picture graphs, and line plots to solve real-world problems. [Chapter IO]	Interpret line plots. [Chapter 6]	Interpret line graphs and line plots. [Chapter II] Interpret a line plot to solve problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division of fractions. [Chapter II]

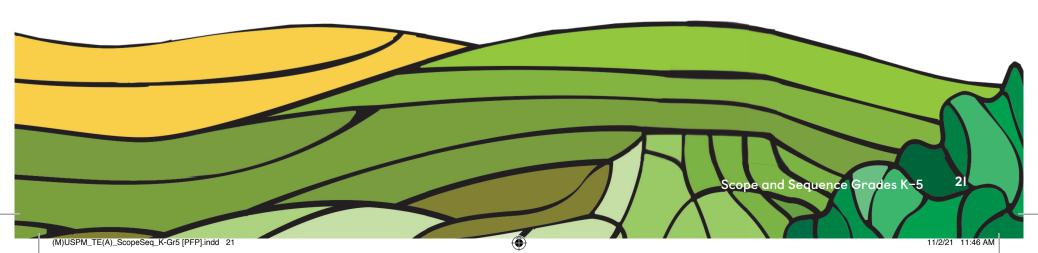
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Duild skills in comparing sets, and addition and subtraction encountering, discussing, and solving problems. Solve real-world problems involving sorting, counting, and addition and subtraction. Determine coins needed for various purchases. See propropriate trategies and Thinking skills to Solve real-world problems and describe methods for doing so. Explain why solutions make sense and are colored. Solve real-world problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and measurement through problems involving addition, subtraction, subtraction, and measurement. Solve real-world problems involving addition, subtraction, subtraction, and measurement. Petermine coins needed for various purchases. Apply problem-solving strategies in Thinkl and Problem Solving activities. Apply problem-solving activities. Apply and explain problem-solving processes in Thinkl and other activities. Solve real-world problems and describe methods for doing so. Explain why solutions make sense and are correct. EXEASONING Explore concepts more deeply and justify reasoning in Thinkl, math Talk, and Activities. Apply thinking skills in Thinkl and Problem Solving activities. Apply thinking skills in Thinkl, Math Talk, Ath Talk,
nrough roblem oliving and subtraction encountering, discussing, and solving problems. Solve real-world problems involving sorting, counting, and addition and subtraction. Determine coins needed for various purchases. See proprojete trategies and Thinking kills to Solve real-world problems and describe methods for doing so. Explain why solutions make sense and are correct. EEASONING Apply thinking skills in Thinkl and Problem solving addition, and measurement through problems solving. Multiplication, and measurement through problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and measurement. Pollems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, and measurement. Apply problem-solving strategies in Thinkl and Problem solving activities. Apply problem-solving activities. Apply and explain problem-solving processes in Thinkl and other activities. Explain why solutions make sense and are correct. Apply thinking skills in Thinkl and Problem Solving activities. Explain through problems involving addition and subtraction. Determine coins needed for various addition, subtraction, and measurement through problems involving addition, audition and subtraction. Determine coins needed for various addition, audition and subtraction. Apply problems involving addition, audition and subtraction. Apply problems involving addition and subtraction. Apply problems involving addition and subtraction. Apply problems solving addition and subtraction. Apply probl
sorting, counting, and addition and subtraction. Determine coins needed for various purchases. Decide on number sentences to fit addition and subtraction situations. Determine coins needed for various purchases. Apply problem-solving strategies in Think! and Problem Solving activities. Apply and explain processes in Think! and other activities. Solve real-world problems and describe methods for doing so. Explain why solutions make sense and are correct. Decide on number sentences to fit addition and subtraction situations. Apply problem-solving strategies in Think! and Problem Solving activities. Apply and explain problem-solving processes in Think! and other activities. Explain why solutions make sense and are correct. Determine coins needed for various and measurement. Apply problem-solving strategies in Think! and Problem Solving activities. Apply and explain problem-solving processes in Think! and other activities. Explore concepts more deeply and justify reasoning in Think!, Math Talk, and Activities. Apply thinking skills in Think! and Problem Solving activities. Apply thinking skills in Think! and Problem Solving activities. Apply thinking skills in Think! and Problem Solving activities. Apply thinking skills in Think! and Problem Solving activities.
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oncepts reasoning. Apply thinking skills in Think! and Problem Solving activities. Solving activities. justify reasoning in Think!, Math Talk, and Activities. Apply thinking skills in Think!, Math Talk,
Heuristics, and problem solving.
Apply counting and comparing skills in a wide variety of contexts; use numerals to convey information. Investigate lathematical deas Investigate ideas with two- and three-dimensional shapes. Investigate mathematical ideas by completing critical thinking skills activities. Further investigate mathematical ideas by completing critical thinking skills activities. Further investigate mathematical ideas by completing critical thinking skills activities.

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	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	
MAKING SENSE IN SOLVING PROBLEMS				
Build Skills Through Problem Solving	Build skills in addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, and measurement through problem solving.	Build skills in multiplication, division, fraction concepts, data analysis, and measurement through problem solving.	Build skills in multiplication, division, fraction concepts, decimals, geometry, data analysis, and measurement through problem solving.	
Solve Real- World Problems	Solve real-world problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, and measurement.	Solve real-world problems involving addition, subtraction, multiplication, division, and measurement.	Solve real-world problems involving multiplication, division, concepts with whole numbers, fractions, and decimals, data analysis, and measurement.	
Use Appropriate Strategies and Thinking Skills to Solve Problems	Apply problem-solving strategies in Think! and Problem Solving activities.	Use appropriate strategies to solve realworld problems.	Use appropriate strategies to solve realworld problems.	
Apply and Explain Problem Solving	Apply and explain problem-solving processes in Think! and other activities.	Apply and explain problem-solving processes in Think! and other activities.	Apply and explain problem-solving processes in Think! and other activities.	
REASONING				
Explore Concepts	Explore concepts more deeply and justify reasoning in Think!, Math Talk, and Activities. Apply thinking skills in Think!, Math Talk, Heuristics, and problem solving.	Explore concepts more deeply and justify reasoning in Think!, Math Talk, and Activities. Apply thinking skills in Think!, Math Talk, Heuristics, and problem solving.	Explore concepts more deeply and justify reasoning in Think!, Math Talk, and Activities. Apply thinking skills in Think!, Math Talk, Heuristics, and problem solving.	
Investigate Mathematical Ideas	Further investigate mathematical ideas by completing critical thinking skills activities.	Further investigate mathematical ideas by completing critical thinking skills activities.	Further investigate mathematical ideas by completing critical thinking skills activities.	

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	Kindergarten	Grade I	Grade 2
REASONIN	NG (CONTINUED)		
Identify, Demonstrate, and Express Regularity in Reasoning	Explain ways of identifying equal sets or explain which set has more or fewer. Use a balance to determine weights of objects in nonstandard units. Demonstrate that only a few big objects fit into small spaces and many small objects fit into big spaces. Describe, sort, and classify two- and three-dimensional shapes. Interpret data in tally charts and bar graphs. Identify and extend repeating shape patterns.	Explore transitivity by comparing lengths of three different objects. Identify and describe attributes and properties of two- and three-dimensional shapes. Interpret picture graphs, tally charts, and bar graphs. Identify and extend growing number patterns and repeating shape patterns.	Demonstrate the inverse relationship between the size of a unit and the number of units. Identify, describe, sort, and classify two-and three-dimensional shapes. Identify rules for number patterns. Explain why solutions make sense and are correct. Resist counter-suggestions about answers.
Use a Variety of Reasoning Skills	Sort and classify using attributes. Identify similarities and differences. Determine numbers given clues; explain and justify answers. Analyze two- and three-dimensional shapes; identify their attributes and name them based on their attributes.	Recognize shapes from different perspectives. Use the Commutative and Associative properties, and tens and ones to solve two-digit addition and subtraction problems.	Identify solid figures that slide, stack, and roll. Explore the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction.
COMMUNICATION			
Consolidate Mathematical Thinking	Consolidate thinking in independent activities.	Present mathematical thinking through Math Talk and Think!	Present mathematical thinking through Math Talk and Think!
Communicate with Peers, Teachers, and Others	Discuss mathematical ideas in paired and small group activities as well as activities led by the teacher.	Discuss mathematical ideas in Math Talk, Think!, Activities, and STEAM Project work.	Discuss mathematical ideas in Math Talk, Think!, Activities, and STEAM Project work.
Share Mathematical Thinking	Share mathematical ideas in paired and small group activities.	Share mathematical ideas in paired and small group activities.	Share mathematical ideas in paired and small group activities.
Construct Arguments and Express Mathematics Ideas	Express ideas with words and gestures – in paired and small group activities as well as activities led by the teacher. Use models and pictures as stimuli for explaining thinking.	Express ideas in Think! and Math Talk, and some tasks in Practice On Your Own.	Express ideas in Think! and Math Talk, and some tasks in Practice On Your Own.

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	Grade 3	Grade 4	Grade 5	
REASONING (CONTINUED)				
Identify, Demonstrate, and Express Regularity in Reasoning	Classify and identify two-dimensional shapes as polygons. Interpret picture and bar graphs with scales and line plots. Create and explain multiplication and division patterns. Explain why solutions make sense and correct. Resist counter-suggestions about answers.	Demonstrate the relationship between fractions on a number line and rulers marked with halves and fourths of an inch. Analyze line plots with fractions of a unit. Identify, describe, and extend numerical and nonnumerical patterns. Explain why solutions make sense and are correct. Resist counter-suggestions about answers.	Use properties of squares and rectangles to solve problems. Use properties of triangles and foursided figures to solve problems. Make and analyze a line plot to represent a data set of measurements in fractions of a unit. Identify, describe, and extend numerical patterns involving all operations. Explain why solutions make sense and are correct. Resist counter-suggestions about answers.	
Use a Variety of Reasoning Skills	Model, define, and explain properties of multiplication. Explore the inverse relationship between multiplication and division. Use estimation to check reasonableness.	Use properties of squares and rectangles to solve problems about area and perimeter. Explore the relationship between models for multiplication and division for whole numbers. Use estimation to check reasonableness (whole-number addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division).	Use properties to classify triangles and quadrilaterals. Apply understanding of models for multiplication and division of fractions and decimals by whole numbers. Use number properties (including the distributive property) to check reasonableness of results.	
COMMUNI	CATION			
Consolidate Mathematical Thinking	Present mathematical thinking through Math Talk and Think!	Present mathematical thinking through Math Talk and Think!	Present mathematical thinking through Math Talk and Think!	
Communicate with Peers, Teachers, and Others	Discuss mathematical ideas in Math Talk, Think!, Activities, and STEAM Project Work.	Discuss mathematical ideas in Math Talk, Think!, Activities, and STEAM Project Work.	Discuss mathematical ideas in Math Talk, Think!, Activities, and STEAM Project Work.	
Share Mathematical Thinking	Share mathematical ideas in paired and small group activities.	Share mathematical ideas in paired and small group activities.	Share mathematical ideas in paired and small group activities.	
Construct Arguments and Express Mathematics Ideas	Express ideas in Think! and Math Talk, and some tasks in Practice On Your Own.	Express ideas in Think! and Math Talk, and some tasks in Practice On Your Own.	Express ideas in Think! and Math Talk, and some tasks in Practice On Your Own.	

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Scope and Sequence Grades K - 5

	Kindergarten	Grade I	Grade 2
CONNECTIONS AND STRUCTURE			
Look for and Use Structure to Recognize Connections in Mathematical Ideas	Understand the connection between quantities and written numerals. Use numbers to describe properties of geometric shapes. Use counting and numbers while measuring in nonstandard units.	Relate counting to addition and subtraction. Understand the relationships between the numbers in fact families. Connect addition and multiplication (repeated addition). Recognize and apply different strategies for adding and subtracting I- and 2-digit numbers.	Examine and apply the inverse relationship between addition and subtraction. Connect geometric concepts with unit fractions of halves and fourths.
Understand How Concepts Build on One Another	Explore relationships among counting, ordering, and ordinal numbers. Compare and relate attributes of two-and three-dimensional figures. Use a variety of measurement attributes to compare objects.	Learn how place-value concepts apply to regrouping in addition and subtraction.	Understand how patterns can be described using numbers, operations, and data displays. Recognize the relationship between bar models, number sentences, and number patterns.
Solve Real- World Problems in Contexts Outside of Mathematics	Solve real-world problems involving more and less, addition, and subtraction. Identify two- and three-dimensional figures in real-world objects.	Solve real-world problems involving addition, subtraction, graphs, and money.	Solve real-world problems involving addition, subtraction, measurement, and data analysis.
DEDDESENTING AND MODELING MATHEMATICS			

REPRESENTING AND MODELING MATHEMATICS

Use Representations to Attend to Precision

Use concrete models to create a set with a given number of objects to 20.
Use numbers to represent quantities up

Use picture cards to communicate understanding of comparisons (bigger, taller, smaller).

Understand the meaning of the +, -, and = symbols in number sentences.

Model addition and subtraction stories with addition and subtraction number sentences.

Represent addition and subtraction stories.

Use concrete and pictorial models to create a set with a given number of objects. (Up to I20)

Represent numbers to $100\ \text{on}\ \text{a}$ number line.

Use number bonds to represent numbers. Understand equality and inequality.

Use the +, -, and = symbols to represent real-world addition and subtraction situations.

Represent numerical data using picture graphs, tally charts, and bar graphs.
Represent sharing equally and making equal groups.

Identify, describe, and extend two- and three-dimensional shape patterns.

Identify a rule for sorting objects.

Identify and extend repeating patterns.

Use concrete and pictorial models to create a set with a given number of objects. (Up to I,000)

Represent numbers to I,000 on a number line.

Use symbolic notation (<, >) to compare numbers.

Use bar models to represent addition and subtraction situations.

Represent numerical data using picture graphs, tally charts, bar graphs, and line plots

Use the \times , \div , and = symbols to represent multiplication situations.

Represent division as repeated subtraction equations.

Describe, extend, and create two-dimensional shape patterns.

Identify rules for number patterns.

Scope and Sequence Grades K-5



Grade 3 Grade 4 Grade 5 **CONNECTIONS AND STRUCTURE** Demonstrate that decimal notation is an Understand the relationship between Look for and Apply the inverse relationship between **Use Structure** multiplication and division. extension of the base-ten system. fractions and division. to Recognize Understand that the size of a fractional Examine the relationship between Understand the relationship among Connections in fractions, and decimals, as ways to part is relative to the size of the whole. fractions and decimals. Mathematical Connect subtraction and division Make connections among multiplication, represent parts of a whole. Ideas (repeated subtraction). division, factors, and multiples. Understand the relationship between fractions and division. Recognize and apply different strategies Connect the units of customary capacity for multiplication and division facts. to one another. Convert among mixed numbers and Understand the relationships between improper fractions. the numbers in multiplication-division fact families. **Understand** Understand the meanings and uses of Describe number relationships in context. Identify equivalent fractions, mixed **How Concepts** fractions including fraction of a set. Identify equivalent fractions and decimals. numbers, and decimals. **Build on One** Use addition, subtraction, multiplication, Make connections among the greatest Make connections among operations with **Another** and division to construct and analyze common factor, least common multiple, fractions and decimals. and operations with fractions. graphs and line plots. Solve Real-Solve real-world problems involving Solve real-world problems involving Solve real-world problems involving World addition, subtraction, multiplication, multiplication, division, fraction concepts, multiplication, division, fraction, decimal, **Problems** division, and measurement. ratio, and percent concepts; data data analysis, and measurement. in Contexts Solve real-world problems related to analysis, and measurement. Outside of Solve real-world problems involving all money. **Mathematics** four operations with whole numbers, fractions, and decimals; algebra, geometry, measurement, and data analysis.

REPRESENTING AND MODELING MATHEMATICS

Use Representations to Attend to Precision

Use place-value models to read, write, and represent numbers to 10,000.

Represent numbers in different equivalent forms.

Use the dollar sign and decimal point in money amounts.

Solve addition and subtraction problems with greater numbers by using a bar model. Use the *, ÷, and = symbols to represent multiplication and division situations. Use a variety of representations for multiplication and division, such as skip counting, repeated addition or subtraction, arrays, area models, number lines, grouping, and sharing.

Determine the missing parts (quantities or symbols) in equations.

Create and analyze multiplication and division patterns.

Identify a rule for number and counting patterns.

Represent numbers to I million in various contexts.

Write numbers to I million in standard, expanded, and word forms.

Model decimals to tenths and hundredths. Write addition and subtraction equations for real-world problems with fractions and decimals.

Define and use symbols in geometry to identify and relate geometric figures. Use a variety of models to represent multi-step real-world problems with whole numbers, fractions, and decimals. Use geometry tools (protractor, set squares, grid paper) to model problems. Use a rule to describe a sequence of numbers or objects.

Understand the relationships between the numbers and symbols in formulas for area and volume. Write numbers to 10 million in various forms.

Model decimals to thousandths. Use letters as variables to represent unknown values in equations and formulas.

Convert fractions and mixed numbers to decimals and decimals to fractions and mixed numbers.

Interpret symbols of relation in comparing whole numbers, fractions, and decimals.

Use a variety of models for multiplication and division of fractions and decimals by whole numbers

Use the order of operations in numeric expressions with two or more operations and grouping symbols.

Write and solve equations.

Use a coordinate grid to represent an equation as a graphed line.
Find rules to complete number patterns.

Scope and Sequence Grades K-5



Kindergarten Grade I Grade 2

REPRESENTING AND MODELING MATHEMATICS (CONTINUED)

Select and Apply Appropriate Models and Tools to Represent Problems Represent quantities with objects, number cubes, fingers, pictures/drawings, number cards, acting out, tallies, and numerals.

Use number bonds to represent number combinations.

Use a variety of concrete, pictorial, and symbolic models and tools for addition and subtraction.

Use technology (virtual manipulatives and computers) to model and draw.

Use place value models to create equivalent representations of numbers. Use a variety of concrete, pictorial, and symbolic models and tools for addition, subtraction, and multiplication.

Represent multiplication with skip counting and arrays.

Use customary and metric measuring tools to measure length.

Use technology (virtual manipulatives and computers) to model and draw.

Interpret Phenomena Through Representations Show understanding of big, middle-sized, small. and same size.

Through
Representations

Describe and compare objects by position.

Identify flat shapes that make up surfaces of real-world objects.

Order objects according to length, height, weight, or capacity.

Use one-to-one correspondence to identify equality, or more or less.

Measure and compare lengths and weights using nonstandard units. Identify real-world two- and three-dimensional shapes.

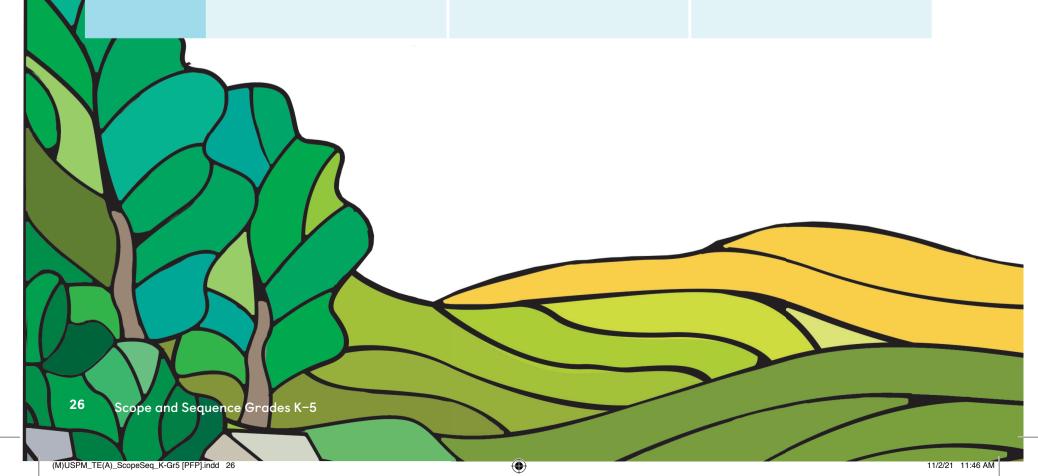
Represent data in picture graphs.
Use a variety of models for adding and subtracting.

Use metric and customary units to measure length to the nearest unit.

Represent data in bar graphs and picture graphs.

Solve real-world problems about social phenomena.

Use bar models to represent addition and subtraction situations.





Grade 3 Grade 4 Grade 5

REPRESENTING AND MODELING MATHEMATICS (CONTINUED)

Select and Apply Appropriate Models and Tools to Represent Problems Use a variety of concrete, pictorial, and symbolic models and tools for multi-digit addition, subtraction, multiplication, and division

Represent multiplication with skip counting and arrays.

Use a variety of models to represent fractions and equivalent fractions.
Use technology (virtual manipulatives and computers) to model and draw.

Use a variety of models for multi-digit multiplication and division of whole numbers.

Use technology (virtual manipulatives and computers) to model and draw.

Use customary measuring tools to measure length, weight, and capacity.

Translate between equivalent improper fractions and mixed numbers.

Translate among fractions, mixed numbers, and decimals.

computers) to model and draw.

Find the most useful form of a quotient.

Use a variety of models and tools for multiplication and division of fractions and decimals by whole numbers.

Use technology (virtual manipulatives and

Interpret Phenomena Through Representations Solve problems about sharing equally and making equal groups.

Use metric units to measure mass and volume to the nearest unit.

Use referents to estimate mass and volume.

Use bar models to represent addition, subtraction, and multiplication situations. Solve problems about sharing equally and making equal groups.

Use bar graphs, picture graphs, and line plots to solve problems.

Represent measurement data using a line plot where the horizontal scale is marked in whole numbers, halves, or quarters.

Solve real-world problems involving social situations.

Solve real-world problems related to money.

Measure perimeter and area in customary and metric units.

Collect data and organize it in a table.
Create a line graph from data in a table.
Interpret a line plot to solve problems involving addition and subtraction of fractions.

Solve real-world problems involving multiplication, division, fraction concepts, data analysis, and measurement.

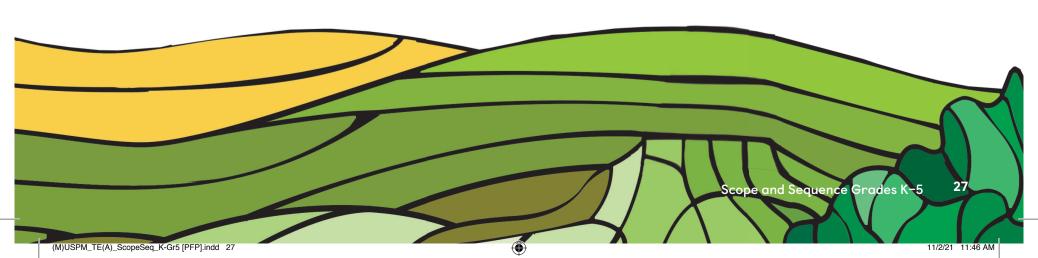
Measure volume of a rectangular prism. Generate a line plot to represent measurement data.

Make a table of values from an equation, and plot the points these ordered pairs form in the coordinate plane.
Solve real-world problems involving whole number, fraction, and decimal

whole number, fraction, and decimal operations, algebra, data analysis, and measurement.











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