

THEORY

1. The first part of the theory discusses the basic principles of the subject, including the definition of the terms used and the scope of the study. It also covers the historical development of the field and the current state of research.

2. The second part of the theory focuses on the practical aspects of the subject, such as the methods used for data collection and analysis. It also discusses the ethical considerations that must be taken into account when conducting research in this area.

3. The third part of the theory deals with the interpretation of the results and the drawing of conclusions. It emphasizes the importance of critical thinking and the ability to evaluate the evidence presented.

| Topic | Sub-topic | Key Concepts |
|--------------|------------------------|----------------------------|
| Introduction | Definition | Basic principles and scope |
| | History | Development of the field |
| | Current research | State of the art |
| Methods | Data collection | Sampling techniques |
| | Data analysis | Statistical methods |
| | Ethical considerations | Research ethics |
| Results | Interpretation | Critical thinking |
| | Conclusions | Evidence evaluation |
| | Implications | Practical applications |

EXERCISES



1. The first exercise involves the application of the theoretical concepts to a specific case study. Students are required to identify the key elements of the case and apply the relevant principles to analyze the situation.

2. The second exercise focuses on the development of a research proposal. Students are asked to design a study that addresses a specific research question, including the selection of methods and the consideration of ethical issues.