

Objective

Choose the appropriate unit to measure length.

Common Core State Standards

- 2.MD.1 Measure the length of an object by selecting and using appropriate tools such as rulers, yardsticks, meter sticks, and measuring tapes.
- 2.MD.2 Measure the length of an object twice, using length units of different lengths for the two measurements; describe how the two measurements relate to the size of the unit chosen.

Measurement and Data

Choosing a Unit

Choosing the appropriate unit requires children to use judgment in terms of the length of the object before they measure it. This judgment will improve as children gain experience with length. Another important part of cultivating judgment about units is exploring and understanding the relationship between units.

Try It! Perform the Try It! activity on the next page.

Talk About It

Discuss the Try It! activity.

- Ask: What units would you use to measure a classroom eraser? Why? What units would you use to measure a chair? Why? Allow volunteers to measure both an eraser and a chair using the appropriate units.
- Say: You can often decide before you measure an object which units to use. Ask: Which units would you use to measure the height of the door?
- Ask children to think of examples of things at home or in school that they might measure using inches. Then have them think of things they might use feet to measure.

Solve It

With children, reread the problem. Have children identify the correct units for measuring the box for paper clips and the poster. Children may practice using Inchworms™ to measure a paper clip and the Inchworms Ruler to measure a piece of poster board. Then on one side they can make their own posters with drawings of things that can be measured with inches, and on the other side things that can be measured with feet.

More Ideas

For other ways to teach about choosing units to measure length—

- Have children think of classroom objects that are best measured using a combination of both feet and inches. Then have groups use Inchworms and the Inchworms Ruler to take measurements and compare data for accuracy.
- Ask children to compare the Inchworms Ruler to the lengths of their own feet. Have children see if real feet like theirs are 12 inches long like the measurement unit called foot. Children should conclude that their feet vary in size and are usually less than 12 inches, or 1 foot, long.

Formative Assessment

Have children try the following problem.

Which unit is best to measure your bed?

A. Inches B. Feet C. Snap Cubes®

Try It! 30 minutes | Pairs

Here is a problem about choosing the appropriate unit.

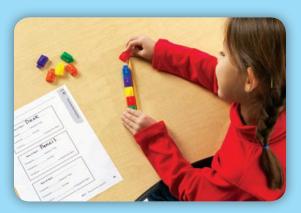
Bryan wants to see if he can fit paper clips into a small box. He also wants to find out if a rolled-up poster will fit in his desk. He needs to measure the length of both the paper clips and the poster to see if they will fit where he wants to put them. What units should he choose to measure these objects?

Introduce the problem. Then have children do the activity to solve the problem.

Distribute Inchworms, Inchworms Rulers, recording sheets, and pencils. Remind children that each Inchworm is 1 inch long and each Inchworms Ruler is 12 inches, or 1 foot, long.



1. Have partners use one Inchworms piece to measure the length of the teacher's desk, turning the Inchworms piece from head to toe as they measure. Have one partner record their measurement in the first box on the recording sheet.



3. Have children measure the pencil in inches and feet. Ask: When we measure a short object, is it better to use inches or feet?

Materials

- Inchworms[™] (12 per pair)
- Inchworms Ruler (1 per pair)
- Measurement Recording Sheet 1 (BLM 9; 1 per pair)
- pencil, 6-8 inches long (1 per pair)



2. Have partners use the Inchworms Ruler to remeasure the desk. Have them record the measurement in feet on their recording sheet. When they have finished recording, ask: When we measure a long object, is it better to use inches or feet?

▲ Look Out!

Children may have trouble choosing the appropriate unit. Remind children to consider whether the object they want to measure is less than or greater than a foot. If the object is less than a foot, they should use inches. If the object is greater than a foot, they may want to use feet or a combination of feet and inches.

Use Inchworms and an Inchworms Ruler. Make each Inchworms train.

(Check students' work.)

Is the train longer than 1 foot? _____

Is the train longer than 1 foot? ______

3.

Is the train longer than 1 foot? _____

Use an Inchworms Ruler. Answer each question.

- 4. Is your book shorter than 1 foot? (sample) no
- **5.** Is your classroom wider than 1 foot?

Which unit would you use to measure each item? Circle your answer.

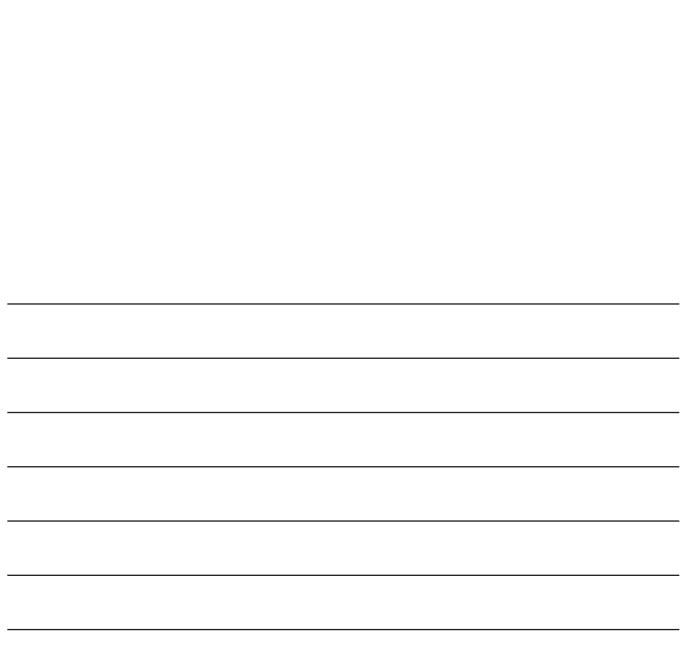
- **6.** pencil inch foot
- 7. school bus inch foot
- 8. lunch box inch foot

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Answer Key

Challenge! A book is 12 Inchworms long. Write its length two ways.

Challenge: (Sample) 12 inches and 1 foot



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Use Inchworms and an Inchworms Ruler. Make each Inchworms train.

Is the train longer than 1 foot? _____

2.

Is the train longer than 1 foot? _____

3.

Is the train longer than 1 foot? _____

Use an Inchworms Ruler. Answer each question.

- 4. Is your book shorter than 1 foot?
- **5.** Is your classroom wider than 1 foot?

Which unit would you use to measure each item? Circle your answer.

- 6. pencil inch foot
- 7. school bus 8. lunch box inch foot
 - inch foot

Challenge! A book is 12 Inchworms long. Write its length two ways.



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Name of object: _____ It measured $__$ Inchworms $^{\mathsf{TM}}$ long. It measured _____ feet long. I should use _____ to measure this object.

Name of object:
It measured Inchworms™ long.
It measured feet long.
I should use to measure this object.

Name of object:	
It measured Inchworms™ long.	
It measured feet long.	
I should use to measure this object.	