

## QUESTION

1. A patient with a long history of alcohol abuse is brought to the emergency department with a severe headache and vomiting. The patient is found to have a blood alcohol concentration of 0.25 g/dL. The patient's vital signs are stable, and there are no other physical findings. The patient is diagnosed with alcohol withdrawal. Which of the following is the most appropriate initial management?

2. A 65-year-old male patient with a long history of alcohol abuse is brought to the emergency department with a severe headache and vomiting. The patient is found to have a blood alcohol concentration of 0.25 g/dL. The patient's vital signs are stable, and there are no other physical findings. The patient is diagnosed with alcohol withdrawal. Which of the following is the most appropriate initial management?

Option	Answer
A. Lorazepam 1 mg IV	Correct
B. Phenytoin 15 mg IV	Incorrect
C. Valproic acid 20 mg/kg IV	Incorrect
D. Carbamazepine 10 mg/kg IV	Incorrect
E. Ethanol 10% solution 100 mL IV	Incorrect

ANSWER: A

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