

Geometric Solids

Geometric solids are three-dimensional figures that have length, width, and height.

They are classified into two main categories: prisms and pyramids.

Prisms are solids with two parallel, congruent bases and rectangular side faces. They are named after the shape of their bases. For example, a rectangular prism has a rectangular base and a rectangular top.

Pyramids are solids with a single polygonal base and triangular side faces that meet at a common vertex. They are named after the shape of their bases. For example, a square pyramid has a square base and four triangular side faces.

