

Linear Functions

Lesson 1

Linear functions are functions that can be represented by a straight line on a Cartesian coordinate system. The equation of a linear function is in the form $y = mx + b$, where m is the slope and b is the y-intercept.

Line	Slope	Y-intercept
1	2	3
2	-1	5
3	0	4
4	3	-2
5	-2	1

Lesson 2

Linear functions are functions that can be represented by a straight line on a Cartesian coordinate system. The equation of a linear function is in the form $y = mx + b$, where m is the slope and b is the y-intercept.

Line	Slope	Y-intercept
1	2	3
2	-1	5
3	0	4
4	3	-2
5	-2	1

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1	2	3
2	-1	5
3	0	4
4	3	-2
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