CRO

SAFETY DATA SHEET

1. Identification

Product identifier De-Squeak™ Conditioning Treatment for Brakes

Other means of identification

Product code 05080

Recommended use Conditioning treatment for brakes

Recommended restrictions None known.

Manufacturer/Importer/Supplier/Distributor information

Manufactured or sold by:

Company name CRC Industries, Inc.

Address 885 Louis Dr.

Telephone

 General Information
 215-674-4300

 Technical Assistance
 800-521-3168

 Customer Service
 800-272-4620

 24-Hour Emergency
 800-424-9300 (US)

(CHEMTREC) 703-527-3887 (International)
Website www.crcindustries.com

2. Hazard(s) identification

Physical hazards Flammable aerosols Category 1

Warminster, PA 18974 US

Gases under pressure Liquefied gas

Health hazards Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity, single exposure Category 3 narcotic effects

Specific target organ toxicity, repeated

exposure

Category 2

Aspiration hazard Category 1

Environmental hazards Hazardous to the aquatic environment, acute

hazard

te Category 3

Category 3

Hazardous to the aquatic environment,

long-term hazard

OSHA defined hazards Not classified.

Label elements



Signal word Danger

Hazard statement Extremely flammable aerosol. Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. May be fatal if

swallowed and enters airways. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Harmful to

aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statement

Prevention Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces. - No smoking. Do not spray on an open

flame or other ignition source. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Do not apply while equipment is energized. Extinguish all flames, pilot lights and heaters. Vapors will accumulate readily and may ignite. Use only with adequate ventilation; maintain ventilation during use and until all vapors are gone. Open doors and windows or use other means to ensure a fresh air supply during use and while product is drying. If you experience any symptoms listed on this label, increase ventilation or leave the area. Avoid release

to the environment.

Response If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center/doctor. Do NOT induce vomiting. If inhaled:

Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing. Call a poison center/doctor if you

feel unwell.

Storage Store in a well-ventilated place. Store locked up. Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to

temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Exposure to high temperature may cause can to burst.

Disposal Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local/regional/national regulations.

Hazard(s) not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Static accumulating flammable liquid can become electrostatically charged even in bonded and grounded equipment. Sparks may ignite liquid and vapor. May cause flash fire or explosion.

3. Composition/information on ingredients

Mixtures

Chemical name	Common name and synonyms	CAS number	%
n-butane		106-97-8	50 - 60
propane		74-98-6	20 - 30
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.		64742-88-7	5 - 10
amorphous silica		7631-86-9	1 - 3
residual oils (petroleum),		64742-62-7	1 - 3

Specific chemical identity and/or percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret.

4. First-aid measures

Inhalation Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Call a POISON

CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.

Skin contact Wash off with soap and water. Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Eye contact Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Continue rinsing. Get medical

attention if irritation develops and persists.

Ingestion Call a physician or poison control center immediately. Rinse mouth. Do not induce vomiting. If

vomiting occurs, keep head low so that stomach content doesn't get into the lungs. Never give anything by mouth to a victim who is unconscious or is having convulsions. Maintain an open

airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause respiratory irritation. Prolonged exposure may cause chronic effects.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Provide general supportive measures and treat symptomatically. Keep victim under observation. Symptoms may be delayed.

General informationEnsure that medical personnel are aware of the material(s) involved, and take precautions to protect themselves.

5. Fire-fighting measures

Suitable extinguishing media Water fog. Foam. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Dry chemical powder, carbon dioxide, sand or earth may

be used for small fires only.

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Do not use water jet as an extinguisher, as this will spread the fire.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame. This product is a poor conductor of electricity and can become electrostatically charged. If sufficient charge is accumulated, ignition of flammable mixtures can occur. Static electricity accumulation may be significantly increased by the presence of small quantities of water or other contaminants. Material will float and may ignite on surface of water. During fire, gases hazardous to health may be formed.

Special protective equipment and precautions for firefighters

Fire-fighting equipment/instructions General fire hazards

Firefighters must use standard protective equipment including flame retardant coat, helmet with face shield, gloves, rubber boots, and in enclosed spaces, SCBA.

In case of fire: Stop leak if safe to do so. Move containers from fire area if you can do so without risk. Containers should be cooled with water to prevent vapor pressure build up.

Extremely flammable aerosol. Contents under pressure. Pressurized container may rupture when exposed to heat or flame.

6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures Keep unnecessary personnel away. Keep people away from and upwind of spill/leak. Remove all possible sources of ignition in the surrounding area. Keep out of low areas. Many gases are heavier than air and will spread along ground and collect in low or confined areas (sewers, basements, tanks). Wear appropriate protective equipment and clothing during clean-up. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Emergency personnel need self-contained breathing equipment. Do not touch damaged containers or spilled material unless wearing appropriate protective clothing. Ventilate closed spaces before entering them. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. Local authorities should be advised if significant spillages cannot be contained. For personal protection, see section 8 of the SDS.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Eliminate all ignition sources (no smoking, flares, sparks, or flames in immediate area). Keep combustibles (wood, paper, oil, etc.) away from spilled material. Prevent product from entering drains. Stop the flow of material, if this is without risk. Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Clean surface thoroughly to remove residual contamination. For waste disposal, see section 13 of the SDS.

Environmental precautions

Avoid release to the environment. Inform appropriate managerial or supervisory personnel of all environmental releases. Prevent further leakage or spillage if safe to do so. Avoid discharge into drains, water courses or onto the ground. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.

7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Minimize fire risks from flammable and combustible materials (including combustible dust and static accumulating liquids) or dangerous reactions with incompatible materials. Pressurized container: Do not pierce or burn, even after use. Do not use if spray button is missing or defective. Do not spray on a naked flame or any other incandescent material. Do not smoke while using or until sprayed surface is thoroughly dry. Do not cut, weld, solder, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, flame, sparks, or other sources of ignition. Use caution around energized equipment. The metal container will conduct electricity if it contacts a live source. This may result in injury to the user from electrical shock and/or flash fire. Protect containers from physical damage; do not drag, roll, slide, or drop. When moving containers, even for short distances, use a cart (trolley, hand truck, etc.) designed to transport containers. Do not breathe mist or vapor. Avoid prolonged exposure. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Wear appropriate personal protective equipment. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Avoid release to the environment. Observe good industrial hygiene practices. For product usage instructions, see the product label.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Level 3 Aerosol.

Pressurized container. Protect from sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C/122°F. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not handle or store near an open flame, heat or other sources of ignition. This material can accumulate static charge which may cause spark and become an ignition source. Avoid spark promoters. These alone may be insufficient to remove static electricity. Store in a well-ventilated place. Store away from incompatible materials (see Section 10 of the SDS).

8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Occupational exposure limits

The following constituents are the only constituents of the product which have a PEL, TLV or other recommended exposure limit. At this time, the other constituents have no known exposure limits.

US. OSHA Table Z-1 Limits for Air Contaminants (29 CFR 1910.1000)

Components	Туре	Value	
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	PEL	1800 mg/m3 1000 ppm	
US. OSHA Table Z-3 (29 CFR 191) Components	0.1000) Type	Value	
amorphous silica (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	0.8 mg/m3	
1001 00 0,		20 mppcf	

Components	Туре	Value	Form
n-butane (CAS 106-97-8)	STEL	1000 ppm	
residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed (CAS 64742-62-7)	TWA	5 mg/m3	Inhalable fraction.
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)	TWA	200 mg/m3	Non-aerosol.
US. NIOSH: Pocket Guide to Cher	nical Hazards		
Components	Туре	Value	
amorphous silica (CAS 7631-86-9)	TWA	6 mg/m3	
n-butane (CAS 106-97-8)	TWA	1900 mg/m3	
		800 ppm	
propane (CAS 74-98-6)	TWA	1800 mg/m3	
		1000 ppm	
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)	TWA	100 mg/m3	

Biological limit values No biological exposure limits noted for the ingredient(s).

Exposure guidelines

US ACGIH Threshold Limit Values: Skin designation

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS Can be absorbed through the skin.

64742-88-7)

Appropriate engineering

controls

Good general ventilation (typically 10 air changes per hour) should be used. Ventilation rates should be matched to conditions. If applicable, use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to maintain airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. If exposure limits have not been established, maintain airborne levels to an acceptable level.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

Eye/face protection Wear safety glasses with side shields (or goggles).

Skin protection

Hand protection Wear protective gloves such as: Nitrile. Neoprene.

Other Wear suitable protective clothing.

Respiratory protection If engineering controls are not feasible or if exposure exceeds the applicable exposure limits, use a

NIOSH-approved cartridge respirator with an organic vapor cartridge. Use a self-contained breathing apparatus in confined spaces and for emergencies. Air monitoring is needed to

determine actual employee exposure levels.

Thermal hazards Wear appropriate thermal protective clothing, when necessary.

General hygiene considerations

When using do not smoke. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work

clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants.

9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state Liquid.
Form Aerosol.
Color Silver.

Odor Slight petroleum.
Odor threshold Not available.

pH Not available.

Melting point/freezing point Not available.

Initial boiling point and boiling

range

Flash point

347 °F (175 °C) estimated

-20.2 °F (-29 °C) Pensky-Martens Closed Cup

Evaporation rate Slow.

Flammability (solid, gas) Not available. Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits

Flammability limit - lower

(%)

Flammability limit - upper 9.5 %

(%)

1 %

Vapor pressure 13.5 kPa (101.325 mm Hg)

Vapor density 1.55 (air = 1)

Relative density 0.62

Solubility (water) Not available. Not available. Partition coefficient

(n-octanol/water)

410 °F (210 °C) estimated **Auto-ignition temperature**

Decomposition temperature Not available.

< 7 mm²/s (104 °F (40 °C)) Viscosity (kinematic)

Percent volatile 85.4 % estimated

10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity The product is stable and non-reactive under normal conditions of use, storage and transport.

Material is stable under normal conditions. Chemical stability

Possibility of hazardous

reactions

No dangerous reaction known under conditions of normal use.

Conditions to avoid Heat, flames and sparks. Contact with incompatible materials.

Incompatible materials Strong oxidizing agents. Nitrates. Fluorine. Chlorine.

Hazardous decomposition

products

Carbon oxides. Metal oxides.

11. Toxicological information

Information on likely routes of exposure

Inhalation May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure by inhalation. May cause

drowsiness and dizziness. Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause irritation to the respiratory

system.

Skin contact Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation. Eye contact Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Droplets of the product aspirated into the lungs through ingestion or vomiting may cause a serious Ingestion

chemical pneumonia.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics Aspiration may cause pulmonary edema and pneumonitis. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

> 22500 mg/kg

Headache. Nausea, vomiting. May cause respiratory irritation.

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

Components **Species Test Results** amorphous silica (CAS 7631-86-9)

Acute

Oral

LD50 Rat

propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Acute Dermal

LD50 Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg

Skin corrosion/irritation Prolonged skin contact may cause temporary irritation.

^{*} Estimates for product may be based on additional component data not shown.

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Direct contact with eyes may cause temporary irritation.

Respiratory sensitization

Not a respiratory sensitizer.

Skin sensitization

This product is not expected to cause skin sensitization.

Germ cell mutagenicity

No data available to indicate product or any components present at greater than 0.1% are

mutagenic or genotoxic.

Carcinogenicity

Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

IARC Monographs. Overall Evaluation of Carcinogenicity

amorphous silica (CAS 7631-86-9)

3 Not classifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US. National Toxicology Program (NTP) Report on Carcinogens

Not listed.

Reproductive toxicity

This product is not expected to cause reproductive or developmental effects.

Specific target organ toxicity -

single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness.

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Specific target organ toxicity -

repeated exposure
Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. If aspirated into lungs during swallowing or vomiting,

may cause chemical pneumonia, pulmonary injury or death.

Chronic effects May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Prolonged inhalation may

be harmful.

12. Ecological information

Ecotoxicity

Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Persistence and degradability

No data is available on the degradability of this product.

Bioaccumulative potential

Partition coefficient n-octanol / water (log Kow)

n-butane 2.89 propane 2.36

Mobility in soil No data available.

Other adverse effects

No other adverse environmental effects (e.g. ozone depletion, photochemical ozone creation potential, endocrine disruption, global warming potential) are expected from this component.

13. Disposal considerations

Disposal of waste from residues / unused products

If discarded, this product is considered a RCRA ignitable waste, D001. Collect and reclaim or dispose in sealed containers at licensed waste disposal site. Contents under pressure. Do not puncture, incinerate or crush. Do not allow this material to drain into sewers/water supplies. Do not contaminate ponds, waterways or ditches with chemical or used container. Dispose in accordance with all applicable regulations.

Hazardous waste code

D001: Waste Flammable material with a flash point <140 F

Contaminated packaging

Since emptied containers may retain product residue, follow label warnings even after container is emptied. Empty containers should be taken to an approved waste handling site for recycling or

disposal.

14. Transport information

DOT

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk -Label(s) 2.1

Packing group Not applicable.

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Special provisions N82
Packaging exceptions 306
Packaging non bulk 304

Packaging bulk None

IATA

UN1950 **UN** number

UN proper shipping name Aerosols, flammable, Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

Class 2.1 Subsidiary risk

Not applicable. Packing group

ERG Code 10L

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

Other information

Passenger and cargo Allowed with restrictions.

aircraft

Cargo aircraft only Allowed with restrictions.

IMDG

UN number UN1950

UN proper shipping name AEROSOLS, Limited Quantity

Transport hazard class(es)

2 Class Subsidiary risk

Packing group Not applicable.

Environmental hazards

Marine pollutant No. **EmS** F-D. S-U

Special precautions for user Read safety instructions, SDS and emergency procedures before handling.

15. Regulatory information

This product is a "Hazardous Chemical" as defined by the OSHA Hazard Communication **US federal regulations**

Standard, 29 CFR 1910.1200.

TSCA Section 12(b) Export Notification (40 CFR 707, Subpt. D)

Not regulated.

SARA 304 Emergency release notification

Not regulated.

OSHA Specifically Regulated Substances (29 CFR 1910.1001-1050)

Not regulated.

US EPCRA (SARA Title III) Section 313 - Toxic Chemical: Listed substance

CERCLA Hazardous Substance List (40 CFR 302.4)

Not listed.

CERCLA Hazardous Substances: Reportable quantity

Not listed.

Spills or releases resulting in the loss of any ingredient at or above its RQ require immediate notification to the National Response Center (800-424-8802) and to your Local Emergency Planning Committee.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112 Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs) List

Not regulated.

Clean Air Act (CAA) Section 112(r) Accidental Release Prevention (40 CFR 68.130)

n-butane (CAS 106-97-8) propane (CAS 74-98-6)

Safe Drinking Water Act

Not regulated.

(SDWA)

Food and Drug Not regulated.

Administration (FDA)

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act of 1986 (SARA)

No

Section 311/312 Immediate Hazard - Yes
Hazard categories Delayed Hazard - Yes
Fire Hazard - Yes
Pressure Hazard - Yes

Pressure Hazard - Yes Reactivity Hazard - No

SARA 302 Extremely hazardous substance

US state regulations

US. California. Candidate Chemicals List. Safer Consumer Products Regulations (Cal. Code Regs, tit. 22, 69502.3, subd.

(a))

n-butane (CAS 106-97-8)

residual oils (petroleum), solvent-dewaxed (CAS 64742-62-7) solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)

US. New Jersey Worker and Community Right-to-Know Act

n-butane (CAS 106-97-8) propane (CAS 74-98-6)

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)

US. Massachusetts RTK - Substance List

amorphous silica (CAS 7631-86-9)

n-butane (CAS 106-97-8) propane (CAS 74-98-6)

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)

US. Pennsylvania Worker and Community Right-to-Know Law

amorphous silica (CAS 7631-86-9)

n-butane (CAS 106-97-8) propane (CAS 74-98-6)

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)

US. Rhode Island RTK

n-butane (CAS 106-97-8) propane (CAS 74-98-6)

solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph. (CAS 64742-88-7)

US. California Proposition 65

California Safe Drinking Water and Toxic Enforcement Act of 1986 (Proposition 65): This material is not known to contain any chemicals currently listed as carcinogens or reproductive toxins.

Volatile organic compounds (VOC) regulations

EPA

VOC content (40 CFR

51.100(s))

83.8 %

Consumer products (40 CFR 59, Subpt. C)

Not regulated

State

VOC content (CA)

VOC content (CA)

83.8 %

VOC content (OTC)

83.8 %

International Inventories

Country(s) or region	Inventory name	On inventory (yes/no)*
Australia	Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances (AICS)	Yes
Canada	Domestic Substances List (DSL)	Yes
Canada	Non-Domestic Substances List (NDSL)	No
China	Inventory of Existing Chemical Substances in China (IECSC)	Yes
Europe	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances (EINECS)	Yes
Europe	European List of Notified Chemical Substances (ELINCS)	No
Japan	Inventory of Existing and New Chemical Substances (ENCS)	No
Korea	Existing Chemicals List (ECL)	Yes
New Zealand	New Zealand Inventory	Yes

Country(s) or region Inventory name On inventory (yes/no)*

Philippines Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

(PICCS)

United States & Puerto Rico Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) Inventory Yes

*A "Yes" indicates that all components of this product comply with the inventory requirements administered by the governing country(s) A "No" indicates that one or more components of the product are not listed or exempt from listing on the inventory administered by the governing country(s).

16. Other information, including date of preparation or last revision

Issue date 06-09-2017 Allison Yoon Prepared by

Version # 01

Further information Not available. **HMIS®** ratings Health: 2* Flammability: 4

Physical hazard: 1 Personal protection: B

Health: 2 NFPA ratings

Flammability: 4 Instability: 1

NFPA ratings



Disclaimer

The information contained in this document applies to this specific material as supplied. It may not be valid for this material if it is used in combination with any other materials. This information is accurate to the best of CRC's knowledge or obtained from sources believed by CRC to be accurate. Before using any product, read all warnings and directions on the label. For further clarification of any information contained on this (M)SDS consult your supervisor, a health & safety professional, or CRC Industries, Inc..

Material name: De-Squeak™ Conditioning Treatment for Brakes 05080 Version #: 01 Issue date: 06-09-2017