

Ketone Body Assay Kit (Colorimetric)

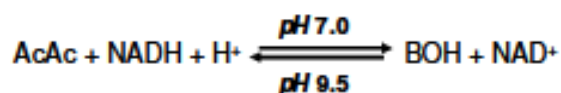
LS-K309-100 (100 Tests) • Store at -20°C



Introduction

KETONE BODIES (acetoacetic acid and 3-hydroxybutyric acid) are produced in the liver mainly from oxidation of fatty acids, and are normally present at low concentrations in urine and blood. Increased ketone concentrations in the blood may lead to metabolic acidosis, which has been associated with diabetes, childhood hypo-glycaemia, growth hormone deficiency, alcohol or salicylate intoxication and inborn errors of metabolism.

Simple, direct and automation-ready procedures for measuring acetoacetic acid (AcAc) and 3-hydroxybutyric acid (BOH) are very desirable. LSBio's Ketone body assay is based on 3-hydroxybutyrate dehydrogenase catalyzed reactions, in which the change in NADH absorbance, measured at 340nm, is directly related to the AcAc and BOH concentrations,



Key Features

- Sensitive and accurate. Uses 10 µL sample. Linear detection range of 0.12 to 8 mM for each ketone body in 96-well plate assay.
- Convenient. The procedure involves adding a single working reagent, and reading the optical density at room temperature.
- High-throughput. Can be automated as a high-throughput 96-well plate assay for many samples per day.

Applications

- Direct assays of ketone body in serum, plasma, urine and other biological samples.

Components

Component	K309-100
	100 Tests
AcAc Buffer	20 mL
AcAc Reagent	Dried
AcAc Standard	200 µL
BOH Buffer	20 mL
BOH Reagent	1 mL
BOH Standard	200 µL
HBDH Enzyme	120 µL

Materials Not Supplied

Pipetting (multi-channel) devices. Clear flat-bottom 96-well plates and plate reader.

Storage

The kit is shipped on ice. Store all kit components at -20 °C.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not for use in humans.

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Assay Procedure

Samples: serum and plasma samples should be non-hemolyzed and assayed immediately. If not assayed, samples can be stored at -80°C for up to 30 days.

Reagent preparation: bring all reagents to room temperature prior to assay. Reconstitute the AcAc Reagent tube with 1000 µL dH₂O (final 10 mM). Unused AcAc Reagent is stable for three weeks when stored frozen at -20°C. During experiment, keep the HBDH enzyme on ice or in refrigerator (2-8°C).

AcAc Assay

1. Standards. Prepare 8 mM standard by mixing 5 µL AcAc standard with 45 µL distilled H₂O. Transfer 5 µL H₂O, 5 µL 8 mM AcAc standard in separate wells of a clear, flat-bottom, 96-well plate.

Samples. Transfer 5 µL sample into two wells, one Sample well and one sample Blank well.

2. Reaction. Prepare Working Reagent for H₂O, Standard and Sample wells, by mixing 195 µL AcAc Buffer, 8 µL reconstituted AcAc Reagent and 0.5 µL HBDH Enzyme for each well. The Blank Reagent is prepared by mixing, for each blank well, 195 µL AcAc Buffer and 8 µL reconstituted AcAc Reagent (i.e., no enzyme).

Add 195 µL Working Reagent to the H₂O, Standard and Sample wells. Add 195 µL Blank Reagent to Sample Blank wells. Gently tap plate to mix.

3. Incubate 5 min at room temperature. Read OD_{340nm}. Calculate the acetoacetic acid (AcAc) concentration from the OD values of the H₂O, 8 mM Standard, Sample and Sample Blank wells,

$$[\text{AcAc}] = \frac{\text{OD}_{\text{BLANK}} - \text{OD}_{\text{SAMPLE}}}{\text{OD}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}} - \text{OD}_{\text{STANDARD}}} \times 8 \text{ (mM)}$$

BOH Assay

1. Standards. Prepare 8 mM standard by mixing 5 µL BOH standard with 45 µL distilled H₂O. Transfer 5 µL H₂O, 5 µL 8 mM BOH standard in separate wells of a clear, flat-bottom, 96-well plate.

Samples. Transfer 5 µL sample into two wells, one Sample well and one sample Blank well.

2. Reaction. Prepare Working Reagent for H₂O, Standard and Sample wells, by mixing 195 µL BOH Buffer, 8 µL BOH Reagent and 0.5 µL HBDH Enzyme for each well. The Blank Reagent is prepared by mixing, for each blank well, 195 µL BOH Buffer and 8 µL BOH Reagent (i.e., no enzyme). Add 195 µL Working Reagent to the H₂O, Standard and Sample wells.

Add 195 µL Blank Reagent to Sample Blank wells. Gently tap plate to mix.

3. Incubate 15 min at room temperature and read OD_{340nm}. Calculate the 3-hydroxybutyric acid (BOH) concentration from the OD values of the sample, sample blank, Standard and H₂O,

$$[\text{BOH}] = \frac{\text{OD}_{\text{SAMPLE}} - \text{OD}_{\text{BLANK}}}{\text{OD}_{\text{STANDARD}} - \text{OD}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}} \times 8 \text{ (mM)}$$

Total ketone body (TKB) concentration is calculated as,

$$[\text{TKB}] = [\text{AcAc}] + [\text{BOH}]$$

Note: if the calculated [AcAc] or [BOH] is higher than 8 mM, dilute sample in H₂O and repeat this assay. Multiply the results by the dilution factor.

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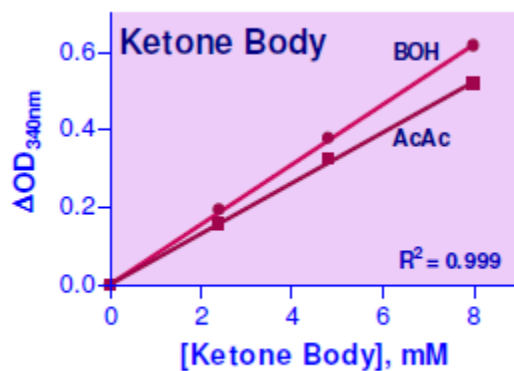
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Sample Data



Standard Curves of Acetoacetic Acid (AcAc) and 3-Hydroxybutyric Acid (BOH)

Version: V.08.09.2018

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