

Pyruvate Assay Kit (Colorimetric/Fluorometric)

LS-K184-100 (100 Tests) • Store at -20°C



Introduction

Pyruvate is a key intermediate in cellular metabolic pathways. Pyruvate can be converted to carbohydrates via gluconeogenesis, to fatty acids or energy through acetyl-CoA, to the amino acid alanine and to ethanol. Abnormal levels of pyruvate have been linked to liver diseases and metabolic disorders. Simple, direct and automation-ready procedures for measuring pyruvate concentrations find wide applications in research and drug discovery. This pyruvate assay uses a single Working Reagent that combines pyruvate oxidase and hydrogen peroxide determination in one step. The color intensity of the reaction product at 570nm or fluorescence intensity at $\lambda_{\text{ex/em}} = 530/585\text{nm}$ is directly proportional to pyruvate concentration in the sample.

Key Features

- Sensitive and accurate. Use as little as 10 μL samples. Linear detection range in 96-well plate: 2 to 500 μM (17 $\mu\text{g/dL}$ to 4.4 mg/dL) pyruvate for colorimetric assays and 0.2 to 50 μM for fluorometric assays.
- Simple and convenient. The procedure involves addition of a single working reagent and incubation for 30 min at room temperature, compatible for HTS assays.
- Improved reagent stability. The optimized formulation has greatly enhanced the reagent and signal stability.

Applications

- Direct Assays: pyruvate in biological samples.
- Drug Discovery/Pharmacology: effects of drugs on pyruvate metabolism.

Components

Component	K184-100
	100 Tests
Enzyme Mix	10 mL
Dye Reagent	120 μL
Standard (25 mM Pyruvate)	400 μL

Materials Not Supplied

Pipetting devices, centrifuge tubes, Clear flat-bottom 96-well plates, black 96-well or 384-well plates

Storage

The kit is shipped on dry ice. Store all reagents at -20°C. Shelf life of six months after receipt.

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not for use in humans.

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www.LSBio.com • (206) 464-1554 • TechnicalSupport@LSBio.com

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Assay Procedure

Colorimetric Procedure

Note: SH-group containing reagents (e.g. mercaptoethanol, DTT) may interfere with this assay and should be avoided in sample preparation.

1. Equilibrate all components to room temperature. Prepare a 500 μ M Standard Premix by mixing 10 μ L of the 25 mM Standard and 490 μ L H₂O. Dilute Standard in distilled water as follows.

No	Premix + H ₂ O	Vol (μ L)	Pyruvate (μ M)
1	100 μ L + 0 μ L	100	500
2	80 μ L + 20 μ L	100	400
3	60 μ L + 40 μ L	100	300
4	40 μ L + 60 μ L	100	200
5	30 μ L + 70 μ L	100	150
6	20 μ L + 80 μ L	100	100
7	10 μ L + 90 μ L	100	50
8	0 μ L + 100 μ L	100	0

Transfer 10 μ L standards and 10 μ L samples into separate wells of a clear flat-bottom 96-well plate.

2. For each reaction well, mix 94 μ L Enzyme Mix and 1 μ L Dye Reagent in a clean tube. Transfer 90 μ L Working Reagent into each assay well. Tap plate to mix. Freeze unused reagents for future use.
3. Incubate 30 min at room temperature. Read optical density at 570nm (550-585nm).

Note: if the Sample OD is higher than the Standard OD at 500 μ M, dilute sample in water and repeat the assay. Multiply result by the dilution factor.

Calculations

Subtract blank OD (water, #8) from the standard OD values and plot the OD against standard concentrations. Determine the slope using linear regression fitting. The pyruvate concentration of Sample is calculated as

$$[\text{Pyruvate}] = \frac{\text{OD}_{\text{SAMPLE}} - \text{OD}_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}}{\text{Slope}} \quad (\mu\text{M})$$

OD_{SAMPLE} and OD_{H₂O} are optical density values of the sample and water.

Conversions: 1mM pyruvate equals 8.7 mg/dL or 87 ppm.

Fluorometric Procedure

For fluorometric assays, the linear detection range is 0.2 to 50 μ M pyruvate. Dilute the Standards prepared in Colorimetric Procedure 1:10 in H₂O.

Transfer 10 μ L standards and 10 μ L samples into separate wells of a black 96-well plate.

Add 90 μ L Working Reagent (see Colorimetric Procedure). Tap plate to mix.

Incubate 30 min at room temperature and read fluorescence at $\lambda_{\text{ex}} = 530\text{nm}$ and $\lambda_{\text{em}} = 585\text{nm}$.

If assays in 384-well plate are desired, use 5 μ L Standards and 45 μ L Working Reagent.

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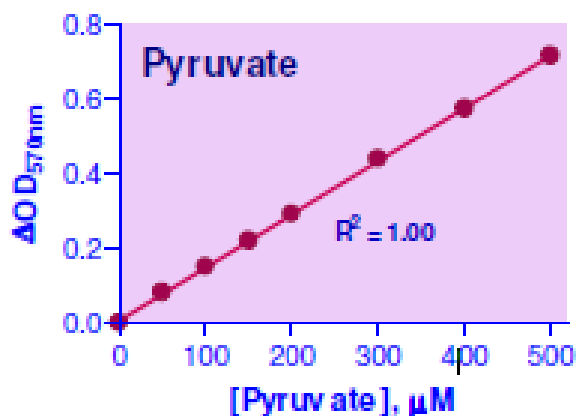


Calculations

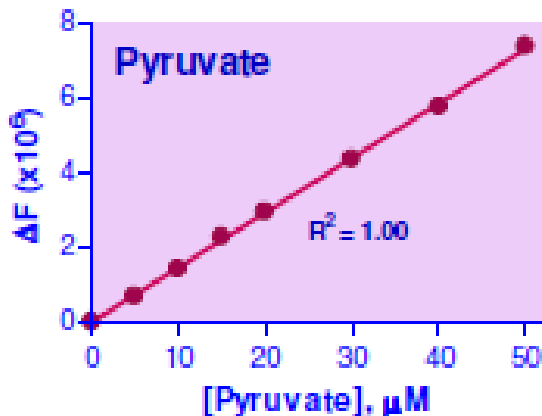
The pyruvate concentration of Sample is calculated as

$$[\text{Pyruvate}] = \frac{F_{\text{SAMPLE}} - F_{\text{H}_2\text{O}}}{\text{Slope}} \quad (\mu\text{M})$$

Sample Data



96-well colorimetric assay standard curve



384-well fluorometric assay standard curve

Version: V.08.09.2018

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