



## Example

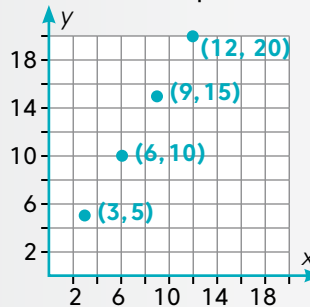
Graph the ratios as ordered pairs.

Write each equivalent ratio as an ordered pair,  $(x, y)$ .

x	y
3	5
6	10
9	15
12	20

←  $(3, 5)$   
 ←  $(6, 10)$   
 ←  $(9, 15)$   
 ←  $(12, 20)$

Graph each ordered pair on a coordinate plane.



Find the graph that matches the ratio table.

**1**

1	2
2	4
3	6
4	8

**2**

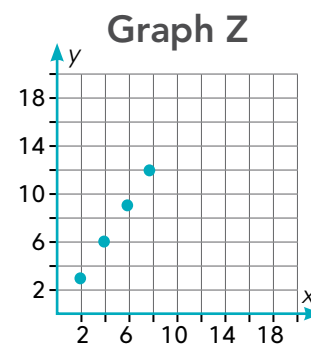
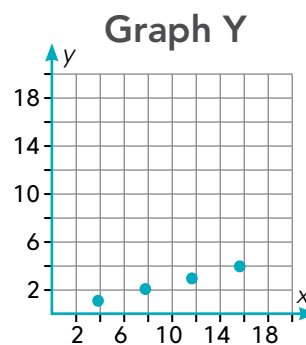
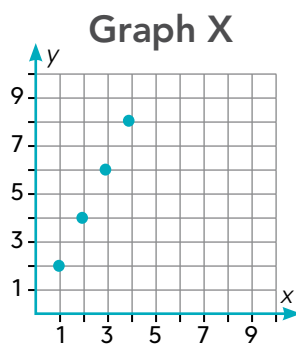
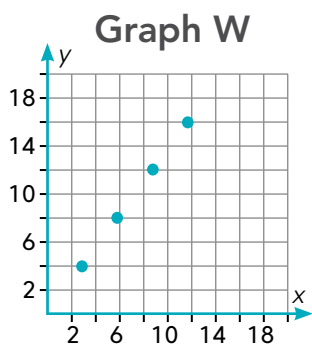
2	3
4	6
6	9
8	12

**3**

3	4
6	8
9	12
12	16

**4**

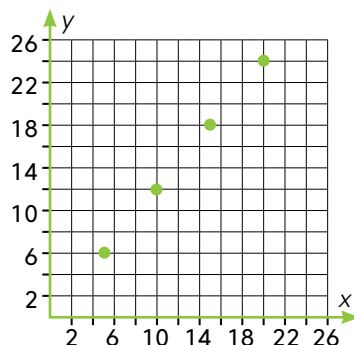
4	1
8	2
12	3
16	4



Use the graph to answer the question.

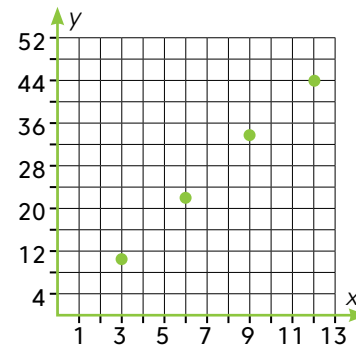
**5** How many bagels cost \$24?

bagels	cost (\$)
5	6
10	12



**6** How much do 12 bottles of shampoo cost?

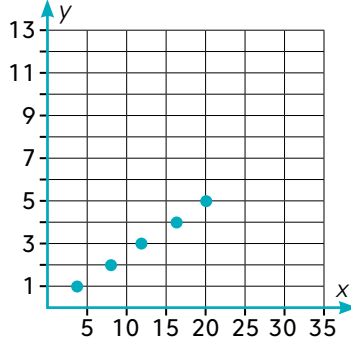
bottles	cost (\$)
3	11
6	22



Use the graph to answer the question.

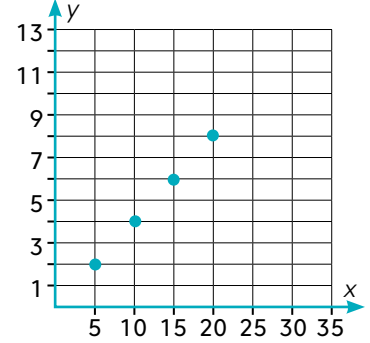
**7** How much do 20 ounces cost?

ounces	cost (\$)
4	1
8	2



**8** How many miles in 6 hours?

miles	hours
5	2
10	4



Compare the partially completed ratio tables to answer the question.

**9** Which costs less?

bottle	
ounces	cost (\$)
2	
4	16

or

can	
ounces	cost (\$)
	3
	9
9	27

**10** Which costs more?

can	
ounces	cost (\$)
	3
	9
9	27

or

tube	
ounces	cost (\$)
2	12
3	18

**11** Which costs less?

tube	
ounces	cost (\$)
2	12
3	18

or

box	
ounces	cost (\$)
5	10
10	20

**12** Which costs more?

bottle	
ounces	cost (\$)
2	
4	16

or

box	
ounces	cost (\$)
5	10
10	20

A	B	C	D	E	F
can	Graph W	Graph X	Graph Y	Graph Z	\$44
20	box	\$5	tube	bottle	15
G	H	I	J	K	L

Objective: Graph ratio tables on coordinate planes.

