CONCENTRATE

KILLS

APHIDS



JAPANESE BEETLES



CATERPILLARS



WHITEFLIES



& OTHER PESTS*

WHERE TO USE

TREES



SHRUBS _



QUICK FACTS

RAINPROOF IN ONE HOUR



FAST ACTING-



LONG-LASTING FOR UP TO 2 WEEKS



STOP-READ THIS ENTIRE LABEL BEFORE USE

*Listed



501426409200925V

FOR QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS, Call toll-free (877) 229-3724 or visit our website at www.bioadvanced.com

100%
RIARANTERS



[†]Or your money back.

EPA Reg. No. 92564-17

EPA Est. No. indicated by 3rd and 4th digits of the batch number on this package

(65) = 92564-TX-1

(57) = 0711006-GA-003

(46) = 88746-MO-1

DIRECTIONS FOR USE It is a violation of Federal Law to use this product in a manner inconsistent with its labeling.

For best results, read and follow all label directions.

BEFORE YOU USE

Read and follow these directions when using:

- Apply the product to flowering plants during early morning or late evening, when bees are not present.
- Do not spray the product into fish pools, ponds, streams, or lakes.
- Remove animal feeding dishes prior to application. Keep children and pets away from treated areas until spray has dried.
- Do not water the treated area to the point of run-off.
- Do not make application during rain.
- All outdoor applications must be limited to spot or crack and crevice treatments only, except for the following permitted uses:
- (1) Treatment to soil or vegetation around structures;
- (2) Applications to lawns, turf, and other vegetation:
- (3) Applications to building foundations, up to a maximum height of 3 feet. Other than applications to building foundations, all outdoor applications to impervious surfaces such as sidewalks, driveways, patios, porches and structural surfaces (such as windows, doors, and eaves) are limited to spot and crack and crevice applications, only.
- Application is prohibited directly into sewers or drains, or to any area like a
 gutter where drainage to sewers, storm drains, water bodies, or aquatic habitat
 can occur. Do not allow the product to enter any drain during or after application.

WHEN TO USE

Spray when insects or damage first appear. Refer to specific use area for additional instructions.

MIXING & MEASURING

SEE SPRAYER TYPES

HOW MUCH TO USE

For Ornamental applications, dilute 1/2 fl oz (1 Tablespoon) per gallon of water.

HOW TO SPRAY

Shake Well Before Using

Adjust nozzle on your sprayer to desired spray pattern. Hold sprayer about 12 inches from foliage. Spray leaves and tender new shoots.

To kills listed insects that may hide, spray the underside of the leaves. Apply until leaves are evenly coated with spray, but not dripping.

FLOWERS, TREES, SHRUBS, GROUND COVERS

Black-Patched Graylet

PESTS

Abrupt Epiblema Moth Alder spittlebug Alfalfa Looper Alfalfa weevil Alligator Weed Stem Borer Moth American bird grasshopper Andromeda lace bug Angular Aethes Aphids Apple aphid Apple curculio Apple leafhopper Apple Sphinx Arborvitae weevil Arch Moths Army Cutworm Ash plant bug Ash whitefly Asiatic garden beetle Asiatic oak weevil Asparagus beetle Assassin plant bug Aster-head Phaneta Moth Aster leafhopper Azalea bark scale Azalea lace bug Azalea whitefly Bagworms Bald Cypress Coneworm Moth Banded greenhouse thrips Banded range grasshopper Bandwinged whitefly Bare-patched Oak Leafroller Bayberry Leaftier Bean leaf beetle Beech blight aphid Beech scale Beet leafhopper Bidens Borer Moth Birch lace bug Black-Bordered Lemon Moth Black-blotched Bactra Moth Black-crescent Proteoteras Black Dash Epinotia Moth Black-headed Birch Leaffolder Moth

Black turfgrass Ataenius Black scale Black vine weevil Black Wedge Spot Bluegrass billbug Boldly-marked Archips Bougainvillea Caterpillar Moth Boxelder bugs Bristly Cutworm Moth Broad-patch Carolella Moth Brown marmorated stink bug Brown soft scale Brown stink bug Bumble flower Beetle Buffalo treehopper Buff-tipped Phaneta Moth Bunchberry Leaffolder Moth Cabbage aphid Cabbage flea beetle Cactus Moth Calico scale Canadian Sonia Carmine Snout Moth Carolina grasshopper Carolina Šphinx Carrot Beetle Cereal leaf beetle Chrysanthemmum aphid Citrus mealybug Citrus blackfly Click beetle/wireworms Clover Havworm Moth Clover mites Codling Moth Colorado potato beetle Common chinch bug Common Spragveia Consperse stink bug Corn flea beetle Comstock mealybug Constricted Sonia Moth Cotton/melon aphid Cottonwood leaf beetle Cottony maple scale Cottony camelia scale Cottony cushion scale Crapemyrtle aphid

Crapemyrtle scale Crescent-Winged Caudellia Moth Cucumber bettle Dainty Sulphur Dagger Moths Darker Moodna Moth Dame's Rocket Moth Delightful Bird Dropping Moth Denver billbug Diaprepes root weevil Differential grasshopper Dingy Cutworm Moths Dogwood spittlebug Dotted Ecdytolopha Moth Dotted Gravlet Dusky Leafroller Eggplant lace bug Eight Spot Elm calligrapha/linden leaf beetle Elm leaf aphid Elm Leaftier Elm leaf beetles Erebine moths Fublemmine moths Euonymous scale European chafer European elm scale Evergreen Coneworm Moth Exposed Bird-Dropping Moth Eve-spotted Bud Moth Fall webworm False chinch bug False Japanese Beetle Filbertworm Moth Filigreed Chimoptesis Fingered Dagger Moth Fletcher scale Fourlined plant bug Four-Spotted Bird-Dropping Moth Foxglove aphid Fruit-tree Leafroller Fuller rose beetle Garden fleahopper

Gladiolus thrips

Glassy Cutworm

Kimball's Leafroller Glassy winged sharpshooter Moth Goldenrain tree bug Labyrinth Moth Goldenrod Gall Moth Lace bugs Granary weevil Lacuna Moth Grape bud beetle Lantana lace bug Grape curculio Lantana Leaftier Moth Grape flea beetle Lantana Moth Grape leafhopper Large Mossy Lithacodia Grasshoppers Larger elm leaf beetle Laurel Sphinx Grass thrips Gray-banded Leafroller Lawn leafhopper Grav-blotched Epiblema Leafcurl ash aphid Grav Dagger Moth Leaf-feeding caterpillars Gray Half Spot Moth Leaffooted bug Grav lawn leafhopper Leaffooted pine and Grav Looper Moth seed bug Green Cutworm Moth Leaf-feeding beetles Green fruit beetle Leafhoppers (Including Greenhouse thrips Glassy-winged Greenhouse whitefly Sharpshooter) Green Leuconvcta Lesser Loblolly Moth Pineconeworm Moth Green peach aphid Litter moths Little Cloud Green stink bug Gypsy moth larvae Little Yellow Gypsy moth Locust Leafroller Moth Hairy chinch bug Locust Twig Borer Half Yellow Moth Moth Harlequin bug Long Palps Peoria Hawthorn lace bug Moth Hawthorne mealybug Longtailed mealybug Hemisperical scale Lubber grasshopper Hibiscus bug Macrame Moth Hickory Leafroller Moth Madiera mealybug Hickory Shuckworm Magnolia scale Moth Maple-basswood Honeylocust leafhopper Leafroller Moth Honeylocust plant bug Maple Bud Borer Moth Horned squash bug Maple Leaftier Maple mealybug Horse lubber grasshopper Maple Tip Borer Moth Hunting billbug Maple Trumpet Skeletonizer Moth Hypenines Moths Hypenodine Moths Maple Webworm Iris Borer Moth Moth Imported willow leaf Marbled-Green beetle Leuconycta Moth Introduced basswood Masked Leafroller thrins May/June Reetle Inornate Olereutes Mealybugs Jack Pine Budworm Meadow spittlebug Mexican bean beetle Japanese beetle (adults) Mimosa Yellow Mullein bug

Multicolored Asian lady beetle Nantucket Pine Tip Moth Night Wandering Dagger Moth Northern Burdock Borer Moth Northern corn rootworm Northern masked Chafer Oak lace bug Oak Leafroller Moth Oak Leaftier Moth Oak treehopper Oak Trumpet Skeletonizer Moth Obscure mealybug Obscure root weevil Oleander aphid Onion thrips Oriental beetle Owl-Eved Bird-Dropping Moth Ovstershell scale Painted leafhopper Pale Glyph Moth Pale legume bug Palestriped flea beetle Palm Bud Moth Panther spotted grasshopper Pea aphid Pecan Bud Moth Pecan weevil Pepper weevil Phlox plant bug Pillbugs Pine needle scale Pine Tube Moth Pine Webworm Moth Pinion Moths Pink-Washed Leafroller Pitch Pine Tip Moth Pitch Twig Moth Plum curculio Ponderosa Pineconeworm Moth Poplar leaf aphid Poplar Leafroller Potato flea beetle Potato leafhopper

Prairie walkingstick

Pygmy grasshopper

Privet leafhopper

Red banded Leafroller Moth Redheaded flea beetle Red legged grasshopper Red Pine Shoot Moth Redshouldered stink bug Red turnip beetle Rhododendron lace bug Rigid Sunflower Borer Moth Rivuline moths Root Collar Borer Rose aphid Rose chafer Rose curculio Rose leafhopper Rose midge Rough stink bug Sallow Moths San Jose scale Saratoga spittlebug Says stink bug Scale (crawler stages) Scale Feeding Snouth Moth Sculptured Moth Scolecocampine moths Serviceberry Leafroller Shagbark Hickory Leafroller Moth Silverleaf whitefly Sleepy Orange Small Bird-Dropping Moth Snowy-shouldered Acleris Moth Solidago Eucosma Southeastern Lubber grasshopper Southern chinch bug Southern Coastal Coneworm Moth Southern garden leafhopper Southern green stink bug Southern masked chafer Southern Pine Catkinworm Moth Southern Pineconeworm Moth Southern Spragveia Speckled Cutworm Moth Speckled Green Fruitworm Moth Speckled Sereda Moth

Spotted asparagus beetle Spotted cucumber beetle Spotted Fireworm Moth Squash bug Stalk Borer Moth Stink Bugs Strawberry flea beetle Strawberry root weevil Striped Birch Pyralid Moth Striped cucumber beetle Striped flea beetle Sunflower beetle Sunflower Borer Moth Sunflower head clipping weevil Sunflower seed weevil Sunflower stem weevi Sweetgum Leafroller Moth Sweetpotato leaf beetle Sweet potato weevi Sweetpotato whitefly Sycamore lace bug Sycamore leaf beetle Sycamore Webworm Moth Tailed Orange Tarnished plant bugs Tea scale Tent caterpillars The Astonomer Moth Threecornered alfalfa treehopper Thrips Tiger and Lichen Moths Tobaccco Budworm Moth Tobacco flea beetle Tobacco thripsTortoise beetles (6 species) Triangle-backed Eucosma **Tufted Bird-Dropping** Moth Tussock moths Twobanded Japanese weevil Twolined spittlebug Two striped grasshopper Twostriped walkingstick Ugly-Nest Caterpillar Moth Variable Nigranum Varigated leafhopper Vegetable weevil Velvethean Catternillar Verbena Bud Moth Viburnum leaf beetle

Spittlebugs

Wainscot Moths Walkingstick Walnut lace bug Water Lily Leaf Cutter Moth Waterlily Moth Wedgling Moth Western boxelder bug Western conifer seed bug Western corn rootworm Western flower thrips Western pine spittlebug Western tarnished plant bug Western Yellow Striped Army Worm White apple leafhopper White Edge Whiteflies White fringed beetle White Head Armyworm Moth White-Lined Graylet White-lined Leafroller White Pine Cone Borer White-spotted Hedva Wild Cherry Sphinx Woods weevil Woolly-backed Moth Wooly alder aphid Wooly apple aphid Wooly pear aphid Wooly elm aphid Yellow-Headed Cutworm Moth Yellow poplar weevil Yellow-Spotted Graylet Zimmerman Pine Moth

HOW TO APPLY

Spray foliage, tender new shoots and the underside of leaves thoroughly. To Kill insects that hide, spray the underside of the leaves. Apply until leaves are evenly coated with spray droplets, but not dripping. For severe infestation, repeat every 7 to 14 days not to exceed 11 applications per year.

SPRAYER TYPES

FOR PUMP STYLE TANK SPRAYER:

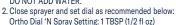
To make one gallon of spray:

- Dilute 1/2 fl oz (1 Tablespoon) of the liquid concentrate per gallon of water
- 2. Close sprayer and shake well before applying.

FOR DIAL-STYLE HOSE-END SPRAYERS:

Dilution rate: For Ornamental applications, apply 1/2 fl oz





Chameleon Hose-End Sprayer Setting: 1 TBSP (1/2 fl oz)

TIP: The numbers on dial indicate amount of concentrate per gallon of spray.

3. Hook to garden hose and apply. To avoid contact with the treated area, begin

by spraying area farthest from faucet walking backwards as you spray.

4. Pour any unused product back into this original container.

FOR CONCENTRATE PLUS WATER HOSE-END SPRAYERS:

Dilution Rate: For Ornamental applications, apply 1/2 fl oz (1 Tablespoon) per gallon of water.

- Pour concentrate into sprayer jar to the required fluid ounce level.
- 2. Add the appropriate amount of water to the gallons level.
- 3. Replace sprayer top and shake well before applying.
- To avoid contact with the treated area, begin by spraying area farthest from faucet walking backwards as you spray.



People and pets must not reenter the treated area until after spray has dried.



Store in original container in a cool, dry place, out of the reach of children, preferably a locked storage cabinet.

PESTICIDE DISPOSAL AND CONTAINER HANDLING If Empty:

Non-refillable container. Do not refill or reuse container. Place empty container in trash or offer for recycling if available.

If Partly Filled:

Call your local solid waste agency for disposal instructions. Never place unused product down any indoor or outdoor drain.

NOTICE: Research and testing have determined that the "Directions for Use" are appropriate for the proper use of this product under expected conditions. To the extent consistent with applicable law, the Buyer assumes responsibility for lack of performance or safety if not used according to the directions.

Money Back Guarantee: If you are not satisfied with this product, we will gladly refund your original purchase price.

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED

- · Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center or doctor.
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person

IF IN EYES

- Hold eye open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eyes.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice

NOTE: When calling poison control center, have this product label accessible. If seeking treatment at an emergency room or doctor's office, bring this product label to show medical personnel. You may call toll-free (877) 229-3763 for medical emergency information.

Active Ingredient: 0.75% Cyfluthrin [CAS # 68359-37-5]





TREE & SHRUB INSECT KILLER SPRAY CONCENTRATE

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals CAUTION

- Harmful if swallowed or inhaled
- · Causes eye irritation
- · Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing
- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling
- Do not use kitchen utensils for measuring. Keep utensils used for measuring with product and away from children

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

- This pesticide is toxic to fish and other aquatic organisms.
- This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on plants or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift onto plants or weeds on which bees are actively foraging.
- To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters, or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

FIRST AID

IF SWALLOWED

- Call a poison control center or doctor immediately for treatment advice.
- Have person sip a glass of water if able to swallow.
- Do not induce vomiting unless told to do so by a poison control center
- Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. IF IN EYES
- Hold eve open and rinse slowly and gently with water for 15 to 20 minutes.
- Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eves.
- Call a poison control center or doctor for treatment advice.

IF INHALED

- Move person to fresh air.
- If person is not breathing, call 911 or an ambulance, then give artificial respiration, preferably mouth-to-mouth if possible
- Call a poison control center or doctor for further treatment advice

NOTE: When calling poison control center, have this product label accessible. If seeking treatment at an emergency room or doctor's office, bring this product label to show medical personnel. You may call toll-free (877) 229-3763 for medical emergency information.

Active Ingredient: 0.75% Cyfluthrin [CAS # 68359-37-5]

PRECAUTIONARY STATEMENTS Hazards to Humans and Domestic Animals CAUTION

- Harmful if swallowed or inhaled
- Causes eve irritation.
- · Avoid contact with skin, eyes, or clothing
- Wash thoroughly with soap and water after handling
- Do not use kitchen utensils for measuring. Keep utensils used for measuring with product and away from children

ENVIRONMENTAL HAZARDS

- This pesticide is toxic to fish and other aquatic organisms.
- This pesticide is highly toxic to bees exposed to direct treatment or residues on plants or weeds. Do not apply this product or allow it to drift onto plants or weeds on which bees are actively foraging.
- To protect the environment, do not allow pesticide to enter or run off into storm drains, drainage ditches, gutters, or surface waters. Applying this product in calm weather when rain is not predicted for the next 24 hours will help to ensure that wind or rain does not blow or wash pesticide off the treatment area. Rinsing application equipment over the treated area will help avoid run off to water bodies or drainage systems.

EPA Reg. No. 92564-17 EPA Est. No. indicated by 3rd and 4th digits of the batch number on this package (65) = 92564-TX-1

(57) = 0711006-GA-003 (46) = 88746 - MO - 1

Distributed by: SBM Life Science Corp. PO Box 525, Morrisville, NC 27560

BioAdvanced® is a registered trademark of SBM Life Science Corp.