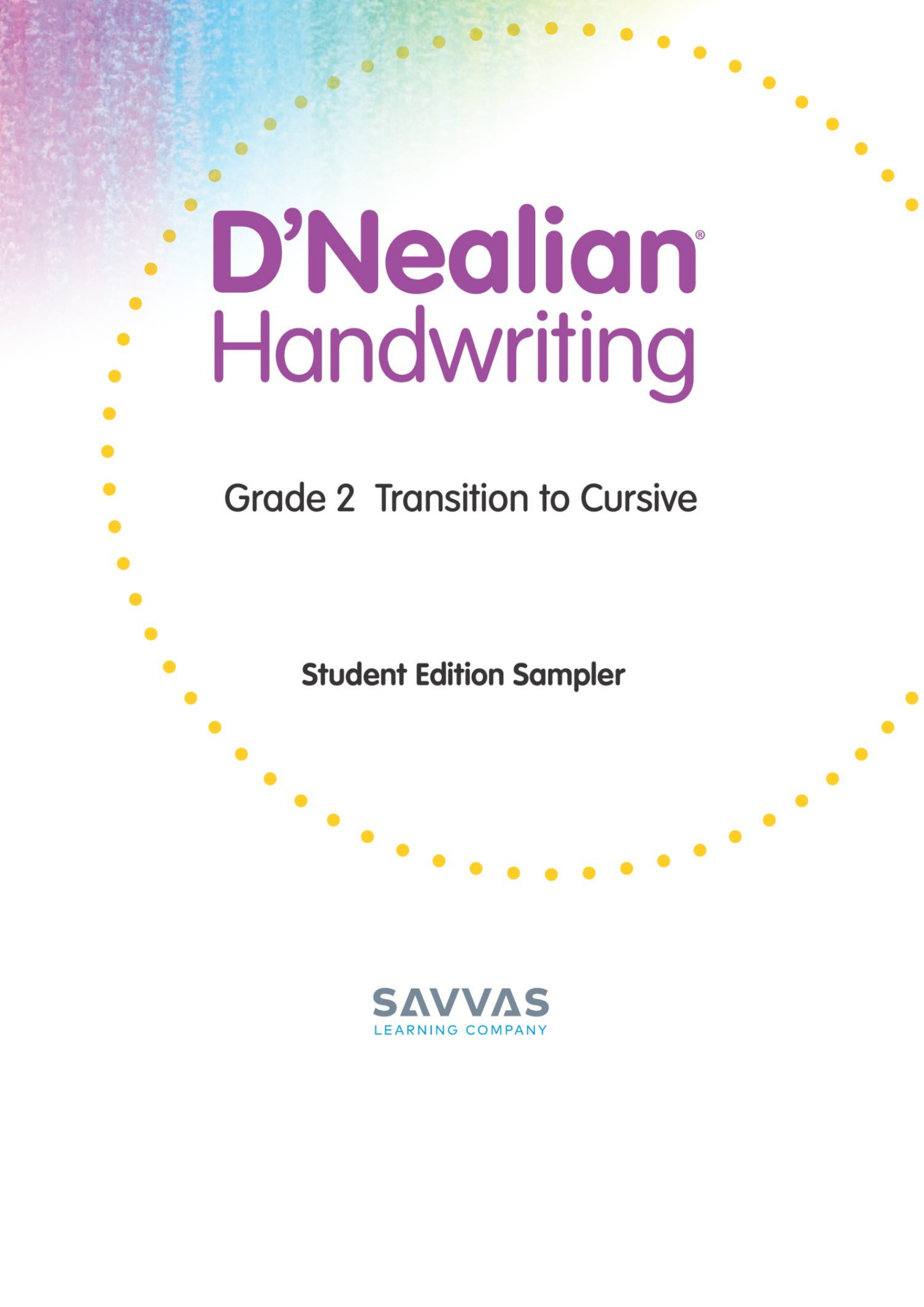




D'Nealian[®] Handwriting

Grade 2 Transition to Cursive

Student Edition Sampler

SAVVAS
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Student Edition

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Learn critical handwriting skills, including letter size, form, slant, and spacing.

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Learn to write all manuscript letters, and then practice and review your work.

Unit 3: Writing Lowercase Cursive Letters..... 8

Use knowledge of manuscript letter formations to easily transition to cursive writing.

Unit 4: Writing Capital Cursive Letters 12

Learn capital letter formations and practice real-life writing tasks.

Letter Slant

Slant all your letters the same way. That will make your handwriting easier to read.

Some writers slant their letters to the right.



right

Some writers slant their letters to the left.



left

Some writers make their letters straight up and down.



up and down

Do not slant letters different ways.



different

Write **Slant** letters one way.

Which way do your letters slant?

Yes No

Do they all slant the same way?

☐ ☐

Letter and Word Spacing

Correct spacing makes handwriting easier to read. When you write a word, be sure the letters are evenly spaced.

Don't write letters in a word too close together.



fish

Don't write letters in a word too far apart. They won't look as if they are part of the word.



f i s h

Words in a sentence also have to be spaced correctly. Leave more space between words than between letters in a word. That way each word stands out. Trace this sentence. It has correct spacing.



The fish can swim.

Here is a sentence that is not spaced correctly. Do you know what it says? Write the sentence with correct spacing.

Canyoureadthis?

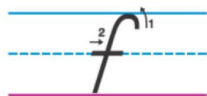
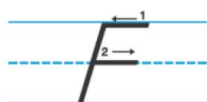
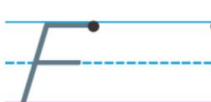
Is your sentence easier to read?

Yes No

☐
☐

Writing Manuscript fF, bB, and lL

Trace and write the letters.

Tracing guide for lowercase letter f. It shows a cursive 'f' on a three-line manuscript grid. Stroke 1 is a counter-clockwise curve starting from the top line, touching the middle dashed line, and ending at the bottom line. Stroke 2 is a horizontal line from the middle dashed line to the right.Tracing guide for lowercase letter f. It shows a cursive 'f' on a three-line manuscript grid. Stroke 1 is a counter-clockwise curve starting from the top line, touching the middle dashed line, and ending at the bottom line. Stroke 2 is a horizontal line from the middle dashed line to the right.Tracing guide for uppercase letter F. It shows a cursive 'F' on a three-line manuscript grid. Stroke 1 is a horizontal line from the top line to the middle dashed line. Stroke 2 is a vertical line from the top line to the bottom line.Tracing guide for uppercase letter F. It shows a cursive 'F' on a three-line manuscript grid. Stroke 1 is a horizontal line from the top line to the middle dashed line. Stroke 2 is a vertical line from the top line to the bottom line.Tracing guide for lowercase letter b. It shows a cursive 'b' on a three-line manuscript grid. Stroke 1 is a counter-clockwise curve starting from the middle dashed line, touching the top line, and ending at the bottom line.Tracing guide for lowercase letter b. It shows a cursive 'b' on a three-line manuscript grid. Stroke 1 is a counter-clockwise curve starting from the middle dashed line, touching the top line, and ending at the bottom line.Tracing guide for uppercase letter B. It shows a cursive 'B' on a three-line manuscript grid. Stroke 1 is a counter-clockwise curve starting from the middle dashed line, touching the top line, and ending at the bottom line.Tracing guide for uppercase letter B. It shows a cursive 'B' on a three-line manuscript grid. Stroke 1 is a counter-clockwise curve starting from the middle dashed line, touching the top line, and ending at the bottom line.Tracing guide for lowercase letter l. It shows a cursive 'l' on a three-line manuscript grid. Stroke 1 is a counter-clockwise curve starting from the middle dashed line, touching the top line, and ending at the bottom line.Tracing guide for lowercase letter l. It shows a cursive 'l' on a three-line manuscript grid. Stroke 1 is a counter-clockwise curve starting from the middle dashed line, touching the top line, and ending at the bottom line.Tracing guide for uppercase letter L. It shows a cursive 'L' on a three-line manuscript grid. Stroke 1 is a counter-clockwise curve starting from the middle dashed line, touching the top line, and ending at the bottom line.Tracing guide for uppercase letter L. It shows a cursive 'L' on a three-line manuscript grid. Stroke 1 is a counter-clockwise curve starting from the middle dashed line, touching the top line, and ending at the bottom line.

Practice

Write the letters.

<i>f</i>			<i>f</i>
<i>b</i>			<i>b</i>
<i>l</i>			<i>l</i>
<i>t</i>			<i>t</i>
<i>h</i>			<i>h</i>
<i>k</i>			<i>k</i>
<i>F</i>	<i>F</i>	<i>T</i>	<i>T</i>
<i>B</i>	<i>B</i>	<i>H</i>	<i>H</i>
<i>L</i>	<i>L</i>	<i>K</i>	<i>K</i>

Circle your best letter in each line.



Writing Cursive k and t

You can see manuscript **k** and **t** in cursive **k** and **t**. Begin with an uphill stroke. Trace and write the letters.



k k *k k . . . k*

t t *t t . . . t*

Remember that most cursive letters are joined near the bottom line. Practice joining the letters.

kl kl *kl*

th th *th*

lk lk *lk*

ht ht *ht*

tl tl *tl*

Practice

Write the letters.

<i>l</i>	<i>l</i>
<i>h</i>	<i>h</i>
<i>k</i>	<i>k</i>
<i>t</i>	<i>t</i>
<i>i</i>	<i>i</i>
<i>u</i>	<i>u</i>
<i>e</i>	<i>e</i>
<i>j</i>	<i>j</i>
<i>p</i>	<i>p</i>

Circle your best letter in each line.



Review

Write the words.

kit



kettle



hut



pup



elk



jeep



heel



hill



Evaluation

Remember: Cross the letter **t**
and dot the letters **i** and **j**.

Write the words.

kept the jeep

the little kettle

the hike up the hill

Check Your Handwriting

Did you cross the letter **t**?

Yes No

☐	☐
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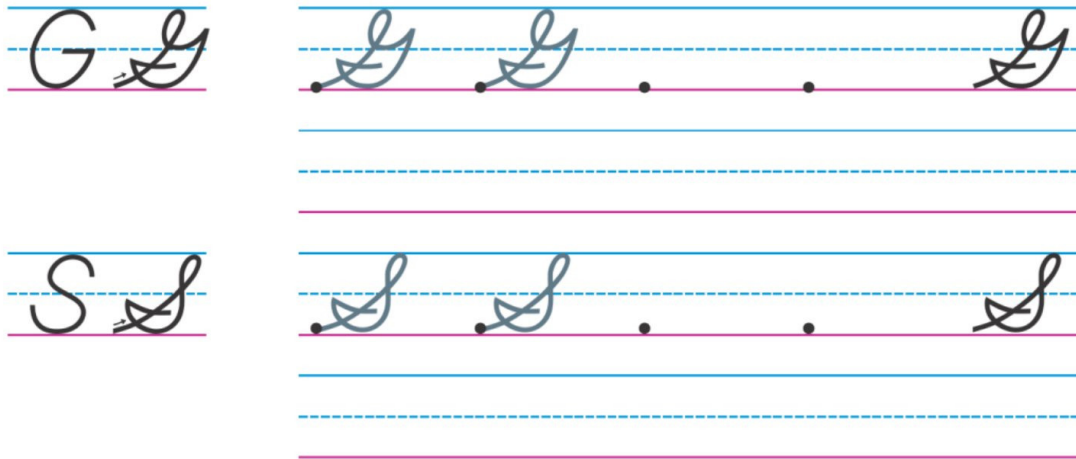
Did you dot the letters **i** and **j**?

☐	☐
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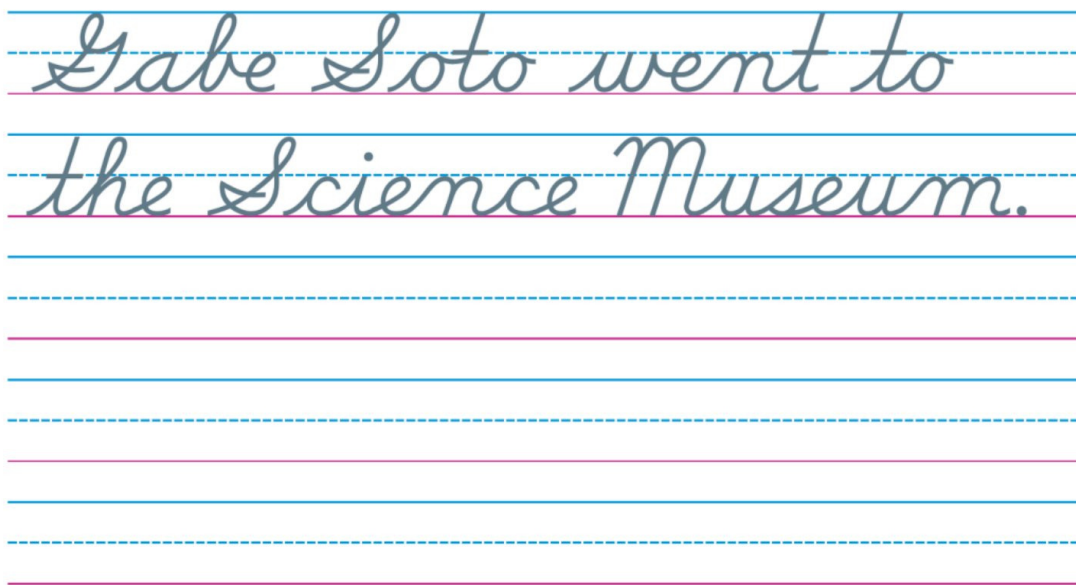
Writing Cursive G and S

Cursive **G** and **S** do not look like manuscript **G** and **S**. Trace and write the letters.



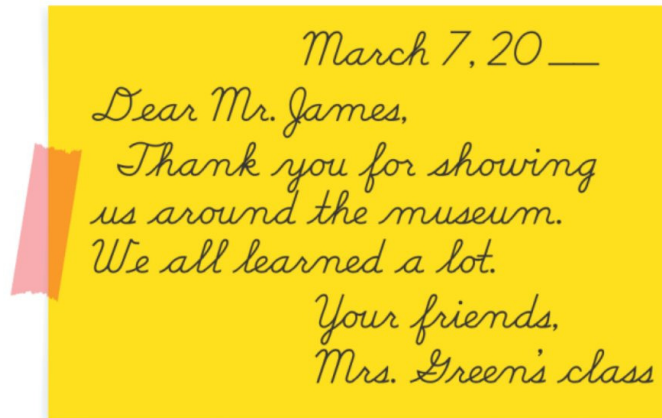
Trace and write the sentence. Do not join cursive **G** and **S** to the letters that follow them.

Gabe Soto went to the Science Museum.



Writing a Thank-you Note

Mrs. Green's class visited the Natural History Museum. The children wrote a thank-you note to the museum guide. Copy the note. Slant all your letters the same way.



Evaluation

Remember: Capital letters should touch the top line.

Write the sentences.

Gina Xanos visits the Lincoln Museum on Queen Street.

Handwriting practice lines for the sentence: Gina Xanos visits the Lincoln Museum on Queen Street.

Jeff Zale stops at the Information Desk.

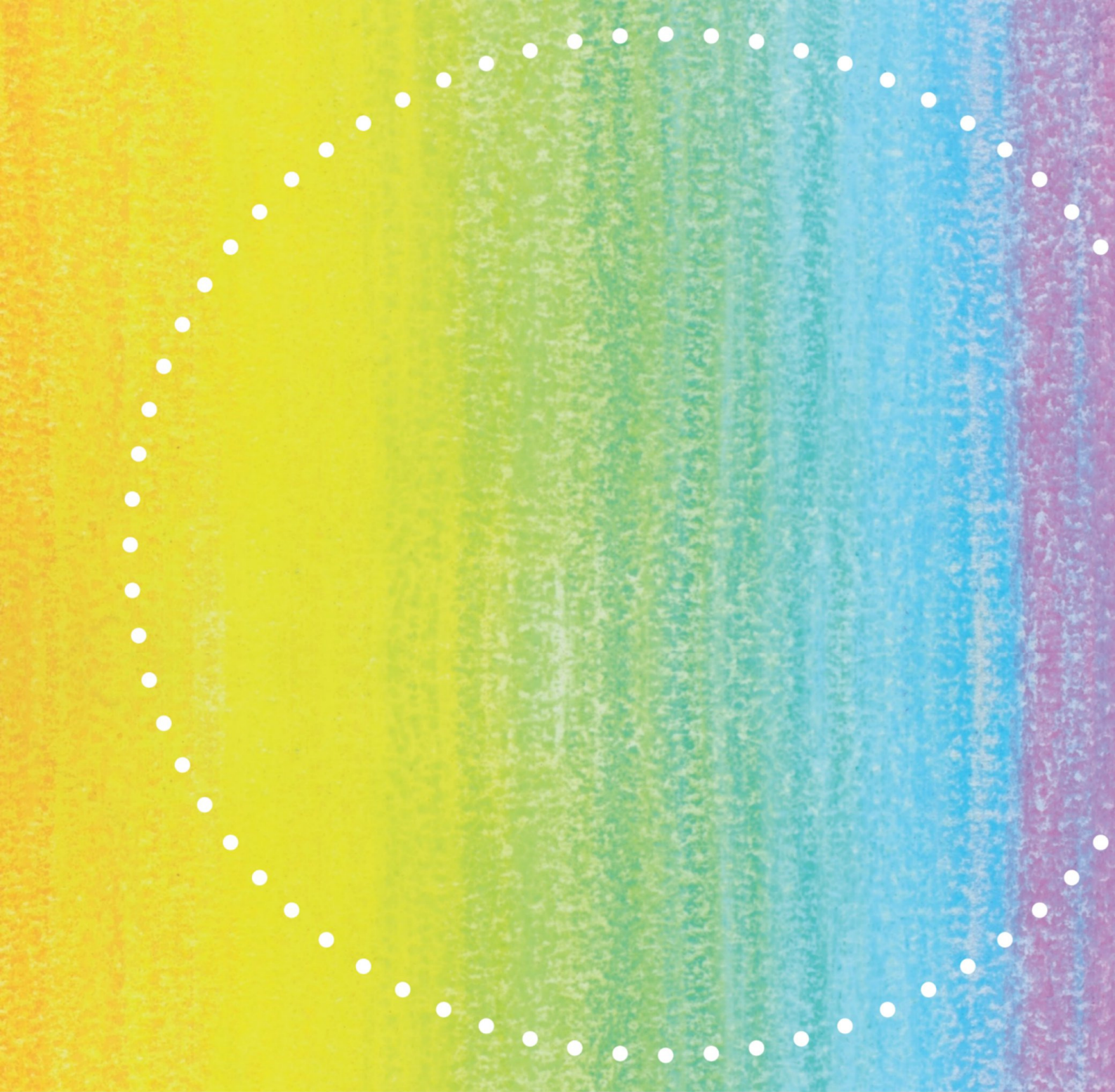
Handwriting practice lines for the sentence: Jeff Zale stops at the Information Desk.

Check Your Handwriting

Do your capital letters touch the top line?

Yes No

☐ ☐



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