

Extraction Rinse

Extraction Rinse removes hard water deposits and neutralizes alkaline residue on synthetic and wool carpets.

Features & Benefits

- Effective removal of hard water deposits and neutralizes residue from previous cleanings
- Makes salt residue more soluble, meaning less passes to remove winter salt, leaving no tacky residue
- Versatile formula strong enough for advanced generation carpet fibers at low dilution, yet delicate enough for wool carpets at high dilution
- Slightly acidic product keeps extractor jets from clogging
- · WoolSafe approved

Applications

- For use as a powerful rinse aid
- Safe to use on all colorfast carpets





Diversey

Extraction Rinse

Use instructions

- Apply Heavy Duty Prespray according to use directions, depending on soil level.
- For synthetic carpets, dilute 1 oz. Extraction Rinse with 1 gal. luke warm water (30 mL per 3.8 L) in extractor. Dilute 1 oz. with 5 gal. (30 mL per 19 L) water for wool carpets (use cool water).
- Thoroughly extract carpet.
- Groom carpet with clean carpet rake or stiff synthetic broom and allow to air dry.

Note: If being used for the first time, test for colorfastness in an inconspicuous area before use.

| Technical data | Extraction Rinse | |
|----------------|------------------|--|
| Certifications | WoolSαfe | |
| Color/Form | Clear, Liquid | |
| рН | 3.19 | |
| Scent | Fruity fresh | |
| Shelf Life | 2 Years | |

| Product | Pack size | Dilution | Product code |
|------------------|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------|
| Extraction Rinse | 4 x 1 gal. / 3.78 L Containers | 1:258 (Synthetics) 1:640 (Wool) | 101109760 |

Safe handling

Please make sure your employees read and understand the product label and Safety Data Sheet before using this product. The label contains directions for use; and both the label and SDS contain hazard warnings, precautionary statements and first aid procedures. SDS are available online at www.diversey.com or by calling 888.352.2249. Improper use or dilution may result in damage to surfaces and may result in health and physical hazards that match those of the concentrate.